

PUMA (NT) Antibody

Catalog # ASM10418

Specification

PUMA (NT) Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC
Primary Accession Q9BXH1

Other Accession NP 001120712.1

Host Rabbit
Reactivity Human, Rat
Clonality Polyclonal

Description

Rabbit Anti-Human PUMA (NT) Polyclonal

Target/Specificity

Detects the N-terminal domain of PUMA \sim 23kDa. Detects \sim 16kDa bands sometimes, possibly corresponding to PUMA β .

Other Names

BBC3 Antibody, BCL2 binding component 3 Antibody, p53 up regulated modulator of apoptosis Antibody, PUMA/JFY1 Antibody

Immunogen

N-terminal amino acids of human PUMA

Purification

Protein A Purified

Storage -20°C

Storage Buffer

PBS, 0.02% sodium azide

Shipping Temperature Blue Ice or 4°C

Certificate of Analysis

 $2 \mu g/ml$ of SPC-165 was sufficient for detection of PUMA in 20 μg of human K562 cell lysate by colorimetric immunoblot analysis using Goat anti-rabbit IgG:HRP as the secondary antibody.

Cellular Localization

Mitochondrion

PUMA (NT) Antibody - Protocols

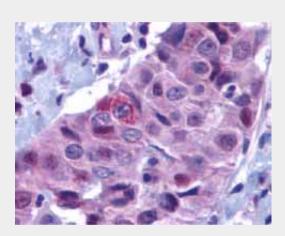
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence

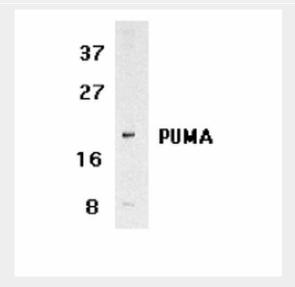


- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

PUMA (NT) Antibody - Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis using Rabbit Anti-PUMA Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10418). Tissue: breast carcinoma. Species: Human. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-PUMA Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10418) at 1:100.



Western blot analysis of Human K562 cells lysates showing detection of PUMA protein using Rabbit Anti-PUMA Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10418). Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-PUMA Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10418) at 1:500.





Immunohistochemistry analysis using Rabbit Anti-PUMA Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10418). Tissue: colon carcinoma. Species: Human. Fixation: Formalin. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-PUMA Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10418) at 1:10000 for 12 hours at 4°C. Secondary Antibody: Biotin Goat Anti-Rabbit at 1:2000 for 1 hour at RT. Counterstain: Methyl Green at 200uL for 2 min at RT.

PUMA (NT) Antibody - Background

Apoptosis is related to many diseases and development. The p53 tumor-suppressor protein induces apoptosis through transcriptional activation of several genes. A novel p53 inducible pro-apoptotic gene was identified recently and designated PUMA (for p53 up-regulated modulator of apoptosis) and bbc3 (for Bcl-2 binding component 3) in human and mouse (1-3). PUMA/bbc3 is one of the pro-apoptotic Bcl-2 family members including Bax and Noxa, which are also transcriptional targets of p53. The PUMA gene encodes two BH3 domain-containing proteins termed PUMA- α and PUMA- β (1). PUMA proteins bind Bcl-2, localize to the mitochondria, and induce cytochrome c release and apoptosis in response to p53. PUMA may be a direct mediator of p53-induced apoptosis.

PUMA (NT) Antibody - References

- 1. Nakano K., Vousden K.H. (2001) Mol Cell. 2001; 7(3): 683-94.
- 2. Yu J., Zhang L., Hwang P.M., Kinzler K.W., Vogelstein B. (2001) Mol Cell. 7(3): 673-82.
- 3. Han J., et al. (2001) Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 98(20): 11318-23.