

TNF-R1 Antibody

Catalog # ASM10426

#### Specification

# TNF-R1 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Host Reactivity

Clonality Description Rabbit Anti-Mouse TNF-R1 Polyclonal

**Target/Specificity** Detects ~55kDa.

**Other Names** Tumor necrosis factor receptor 1 Antibody, TNFR-1 Antibody, TNFRSF1A Antibody, TNFAR Antibody, TNFR1 Antibody

Immunogen Peptide corresponding to AA 20-43 of the mouse TNF-R1 sequence, identical to rat and human over those residues

**Purification** Peptide Affinity Purified

Storage Storage Buffer PBS pH7.4, 50% glycerol, 0.09% sodium azide

-20°C

Shipping TemperatureBlue Ice or 4°CCertificate of Analysis1 μg/ml of SPC-170 was sufficient for detection of TNFR1 in 20 μg of Hela lysate by colorimetricimmunoblot analysis using Goat anti-rabbit IgG:HRP as the secondary antibody.

**Cellular Localization** Cell Membrane | Golgi Apparatus | Golgi Apparatus Membrane

### **TNF-R1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry

WB, IHC, IP, ICC <u>P19438</u> <u>P19438</u> Rabbit Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Monkey, Bovine, Dog Polyclonal



- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

**TNF-R1 Antibody - Images** 

## TNF-R1 Antibody - Background

The Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor (TNFR) also known as Cluster of differentiation (CD120) is a protein that belongs to the (TNF)/ (TNFR) superfamily. TNF interacts with two distinct receptors TNFR1 and TNFR2. These receptors share no homology on their cytoplasmic sequences(1,3).TNFR1 also known as p55/p60 is a high affinity receptor for TNF- $\alpha$ . The TNFR1 has an extracellular domain with variable numbers of cysteine-rich repeats. The functional properties of TNFR1 are targets in new therapies for osteoporosis, chronic inflammatory and autoimmune diseases (1, 2). The TNF- $\alpha$ /TNFR1 receptor complex is responsible for the recruitment and the subsequent activation of the caspase (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) that regulate apoptosis.

#### **TNF-R1 Antibody - References**

- 1. Kontermann R.E., et al. (2008) J Immunother. 31(3):225-34.
- 2. Hehlgans T. and Pfeffer K. (2005) Immunology. 115(1):1-20.
- 3. Al-Lamki S., et al. (2005) The Faseb Journal. 19:1638-1645.