

Anti-UREASE (Jack Bean) (RABBIT) Antibody
Anti-Urease Antibody
Catalog # ASR3814**Specification****Anti-UREASE (Jack Bean) (RABBIT) Antibody - Product Information**

Host	Rabbit
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Target Species	Jack Bean
Clonality	Polyclonal
Application	WB, E, IP, I, LCI
Application Note	Anti-Urease Antibody has been assayed against 1.0 ug of Urease [Jack Bean] in a standard ELISA using Peroxidase conjugated Affinity Purified anti-Rabbit IgG [H&L] (Goat) code #611-1302 and (ABTS (2 ,2'-azino-bis-[3-ethylbenthiazoline-6-sulfonic acid]) code # ABTS-100 as a substrate for 30 minutes at room temperature. A working dilution of 1:1,000 to 1:3,000 of the reconstitution concentration is suggested for Anti-Urease Antibody.
Physical State	Lyophilized
Buffer	0.01 M Sodium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	Urease [Jack Bean]
Reconstitution Volume	2.0 mL
Reconstitution Buffer	Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)
Preservative	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Anti-UREASE (Jack Bean) (RABBIT) Antibody - Additional Information**Purity**

Anti-Urease (Jack Bean) (Rabbit) Antibody was prepared from monospecific antiserum by a delipidation and defibrination. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-rabbit serum, purified and partially purified Urease [Jack Bean]. Cross reactivity against Urease from other tissues and species may occur but have not been specifically determined.

Storage Condition

Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-UREASE (Jack Bean) (RABBIT) Antibody - Protein Information

Name UREA

Function

Urea hydrolase involved in nitrogen recycling from ureide, purine, and arginine catabolism (PubMed:26690979). Is known to be highly toxic and lethal when given by intravenous route, producing convulsions and other signs of central nervous system intoxication associated with the high levels of ammonia formed in the blood of mice and rabbits (PubMed:26690979). Is neurotoxic in mammals, when directly injected into hippocampus (PubMed:33631299). It may induce seizures by acting at a neuronal network level, thereby disturbing electroencephalographic rhythms and causing metabolic alterations in key areas related to epileptogenesis and to neurogenic pulmonary edema (PubMed:33631299). It increases calcium influx and neuronal firing rate in the hippocampus (PubMed:33631299). Is able to insert itself into lipid bilayers, altering physicochemical properties of artificial membranes, and forming cation-selective ion channels (PubMed:24583269). In vitro, has the ability to induce platelet aggregation, platelet granules secretion and release of ATP (PubMed:11696010). In contrast to canatoxin, another urease from *C. ensiformis*, is not lethal to mice when intraperitoneally injected (PubMed:11696010).

Anti-UREASE (Jack Bean) (RABBIT) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-UREASE (Jack Bean) (RABBIT) Antibody - Images

Anti-UREASE (Jack Bean) (RABBIT) Antibody - Background

Urease is a protein that is commonly secreted from the bacterium *H. Pylori* and is integral to the immune response within the gastric system. Urease carries out a key enzymatic reaction in converting urea into free ammonia and carbonic acid. Urease is commonly derived from the Jack Bean plant in scientific research as the amino acid sequences are highly conserved between species and it is an abundant source of the protein.

Anti-Urease Antibody is ideal for investigators in Immunology, Enzymology, and Cell Biology research.