

Anti-TSLP (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated

TSLP Antibody Biotin Conjugated Catalog # ASR4975

Specification

Anti-TSLP (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Product Information

Host
Conjugate
FP Value
Target Species
Reactivity
Clonality
Application

Rabbit
Biotin
10-20
Human
Human
Human
Polyclonal
WB, E, I, LCI

Application Note TSLP purified antibody has been tested in

western blotting and suitable in ELISA. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band

approximately 18 kDa in size

corresponding to the human TSLP protein by western blotting in appropriate cell

lysate or extract.

Physical State Lyophilized

Buffer 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M

Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2

Immunogen Anti-TSLP antibody was prepared from

rabbit antiserum after repeated

immunizations with a truncated form of recombinant human TSLP protein from E.

coli.

Reconstitution Volume 100 μL

Reconstitution Buffer Restore with deionized water (or

equivalent)

Stabilizer 10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) -

Immunoglobulin and Protease free

Preservative 0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Anti-TSLP (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Additional Information

Gene ID 85480

Other Names

85480

Purity

Anti-TSLP is an IgG fraction antibody purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. This antibody is specific for human TSLP protein. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with TSLP from human sources based on 100% homology with the immunizing sequence. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Biotin and anti-Rabbit Serum. Cross-reactivity with



TSLP from other sources has not been determined.

Storage Condition

Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-TSLP (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Protein Information

Name TSLP

Function

[Isoform 1]: Cytokine that induces the release of T-cell- attracting chemokines from monocytes and, in particular, enhances the maturation of CD11c(+) dendritic cells. Can induce allergic inflammation by directly activating mast cells.

Cellular Location

Secreted.

Tissue Location

Isoform 1 is expressed in a number of tissues including heart, liver and prostate. Isoform 2 is the predominant form in keratinocytes of oral mucosa, skin and in salivary glands. It is secreted into saliva.

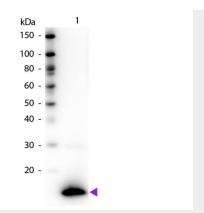
Anti-TSLP (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-TSLP (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Images





Western blot of Biotin conjugated Rabbit Anti-TSLP primary antibody. Lane 1: Human TSLP. Lane 2: None. Load: 50 ng per lane. Primary antibody: TSLP Biotin conjugated antibody at 1:1,000 for 60 min at RT. Secondary antibody: Peroxidase streptavidin secondary antibody at 1:40,000 for 30 min at RT. Blocking: MB-070 for 30 min at RT. Observed/Predicted size: 13 kDa, 13 kDa for Human TSLP. Other band(s): None.

Anti-TSLP (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Background

Thymic Stromal Lymphopoietin (TSLP) is a hematopoietic cytokine. TSLP is mainly expressed in the heart, liver and prostate. TSLP sends signals through a heterodimeric receptor complex, containing the TSLP-R and the IL-7R α chain to induce the release of T cell-attracting chemokines from monocytes. It can induce allergic inflammation by directly activating mast cells. It also promotes T helper type 2 (TH2) cell responses associated with immunity, including atopic dermatitis and asthma, and can promote TH2 cytokine-associated inflammation by directly promoting the effector functions of CD4+ TH2 cells, basophils and other granulocyte populations while simultaneously limiting the expression of dendritic cells derived proinflammatory cytokines and promoting regulatory T cell responses in peripheral tissues. Recombinant human TSLP is a non-glycosylated protein with a molecular weight of 15 kDa. Anti-TSLP antibody is ideal for researchers interested in cytokines and stem cell research.