

Anti-Esrp-1/2 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody

Esrp-1/2 Antibody Catalog # ASR4993

Specification

Anti-Esrp-1/2 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Host Conjugate Target Species Reactivity Clonality Application Application Note	Mouse Unconjugated Mouse Mouse Monoclonal WB, E, I, LCI This protein-A purified antibody has been tested for use western blotting. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately 75.5 kDa in size corresponding to Esrp-1 and 77.4 kDa in size corresponding to Esrp-2 by western blotting in the appropriate cell lysate or extract.
Physical State Buffer	Liquid (sterile filtered) 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	Anti-Esrp-1/2 was produced by repeated immunizations of full length recombinant mouse Esrp-1 fusion protein.
Preservative	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Anti-Esrp-1/2 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 77411

Other Names 77411

Purity

This antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant by Protein-A chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. This antibody reacts with both mouse Esrp-1 and Esrp-2 proteins. A BLAST analysis of the immunizing protein sequence shows 100% homology with Esrp-1 from mouse and a 91% sequence homology with Esrp-1 from human, pig, rat, opossum, horse, cattle, panda, dog, and chimpanzee. The binding epitope of this monoclonal antibody has not been mapped.

Storage Condition

Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.



Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-Esrp-1/2 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name Esrp2

Synonyms Rbm35b

Function

mRNA splicing factor that regulates the formation of epithelial cell-specific isoforms. Specifically regulates the expression of FGFR2-IIIb, an epithelial cell-specific isoform of FGFR2. Also regulates the splicing of CD44, CTNND1, ENAH, 3 transcripts that undergo changes in splicing during the epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition (EMT). Acts by directly binding specific sequences in mRNAs. Binds the GU-rich sequence motifs in the ISE/ISS-3, a cis-element regulatory region present in the mRNA of FGFR2 (By similarity).

Cellular Location Nucleus.

Tissue Location Epithelial cell-specific.

Anti-Esrp-1/2 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-Esrp-1/2 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - Images





GFP-transfected. Lane 2: Esrp-1 transfected (arrow). Lane 3: Esrp-2 transfected. Each lane contains approximately 5 μ g of lysate. Primary antibody was used at a 1:1000 dilution in PBS-T plus milk, and reacted for 1hr at room temperature. The membrane was washed and reacted with a 1:10,000 dilution of an anti-mouse ECL antibody for 1hr at room temperature. Molecular weight estimation was made by comparison to prestained MW markers.

Anti-Esrp-1/2 (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody - Background

Epithelial splicing regulatory protein-1 (Esrp-1) and Esrp-2 are mRNA splicing factors that regulate the formation of epithelial cell-specific isoforms. They specifically regulate the expression of FGFR2-IIIb, an epithelial cell-specific isoform of FGFR2, and also regulates the splicing of CD44, CTNND1, ENAH, 3 transcripts that undergo changes in splicing during the

epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition (EMT). Esrp-1 and -2 act by directly binding specific sequences in mRNAs. They bind the GU-rich sequence motifs in the ISE/ISS-3, a cis-element regulatory region present in the mRNA of FGFR2.