

Anti-Mouse IL-1 β (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated
IL-1 Beta Antibody Biotin Conjugated
Catalog # ASR5023**Specification**

Anti-Mouse IL-1 β (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Product Information

Host	Rabbit
Conjugate	Biotin
Target Species	Mouse
Reactivity	Mouse
Clonality	Polyclonal
Application	WB, IHC, E, IP, I, LCI
Application Note	<p>Anti-Mouse IL-1β has been tested in dot blot and western blot and is suitable for use in neutralizations, ELISA, radioimmunoassays, flow cytometry, immunohistochemistry, and immunoprecipitation. It recognizes the 17,000 MW mature IL-1β. For immunoblots, typically, IL-1β is detected from supernatants or lysates of 2×10^6 endotoxin-stimulated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC). PBMC are stimulated for 24 hours with 1% (v/v) serum plus 10 ng/mL E.coli LPS. For immunoprecipitation pre-clearing the preparation with a non-specific Rabbit IgG (p/n 011-001-297) to reduce background is suggested. For immunohistochemistry either paraffin fixation or cryofixation can be used for sample preparation to stain intracellular IL-1β. For ELISA use HRP Conjugated Anti-Rabbit IgG [H&L] (Goat) (611-1302) for detection. In ELISA formats this antibody is best used as the second antibody in combination with a monoclonal antibody as a capture antibody. This antibody is also useful for neutralization of mouse and rat IL-1β activity in bioassays. It does not neutralize the biological activity IL-1α. It does not neutralize the biological activity of human or primate IL-1β. For neutralization, it is recommended to incubate the sample with a dilution of the antibody for at least 4 hours before being tested. A control of similarly diluted normal rabbit IgG is recommended. This antibody can be used for FACS analysis. Caution should be exhibited as the F(c) domain of the rabbit IgG molecule may interact with cells</p>

Physical State	non-specifically.
Buffer	Lyophilized
	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	This antibody was prepared by repeated immunizations with recombinant mouse IL-1β produced in E.coli. The MW of recombinant mouse IL-1β was 17 kDa.
Reconstitution Volume	100 μL
Reconstitution Buffer	Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)
Stabilizer	10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free
Preservative	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Anti-Mouse IL-1 β (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Additional Information

Gene ID 16176

Other Names
16176

Purity

This antibody was heated to 56° C for 30 minutes. This is an IgG preparation of whole rabbit serum purified by DEAE fractionation. This antibody is primarily directed against mature, 17,000 MW mouse IL-1 β and is useful in determining its presence in various assays. The antibody does not recognize human IL-1 β or mouse IL-1 α . In ELISA formats and other immunoreactive assays, reactivity occurs with rat IL-1 β . This antibody will recognize 10% of the non-denatured (native) precursor 31,000 MW mouse IL-1 β containing samples but will primarily detect all of the 17,000 MW mature molecule. However, in immunoblot analysis, the usual procedure of heating the sample in SDS with or without reducing agents will facilitate denaturing of the 31,000 MW IL- 1 β precursor molecule. Denatured 31,000 precursor IL-1 β will be recognized by this antibody.

Storage Condition

Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-Mouse IL-1 β (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Protein Information

Name IL1b

Function

Potent pro-inflammatory cytokine. Initially discovered as the major endogenous pyrogen, induces prostaglandin synthesis, neutrophil influx and activation, T-cell activation and cytokine production, B- cell activation and antibody production, and fibroblast proliferation and collagen production. Promotes Th17 differentiation of T-cells. Synergizes with IL12/interleukin-12 to induce IFNG synthesis from T- helper 1 (Th1) cells. Plays a role in angiogenesis by inducing VEGF production synergistically with TNF and IL6. Involved in transduction of inflammation downstream of pyroptosis: its mature form is specifically released in the extracellular milieu by passing through

the gasdermin-D (GSDMD) pore.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Secreted Lysosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P01584}. Secreted, extracellular exosome. Note=The precursor is cytosolic In response to inflammasome-activating signals, such as ATP for NLRP3 inflammasome or bacterial flagellin for NLRC4 inflammasome, cleaved and secreted. Mature form is secreted and released in the extracellular milieu by passing through the gasdermin-D (GSDMD) pore. In contrast, the precursor form is not released, due to the presence of an acidic region that is proteolytically removed by CASP1 during maturation. The secretion is dependent on protein unfolding and facilitated by the cargo receptor TMED10. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P01584}

Tissue Location

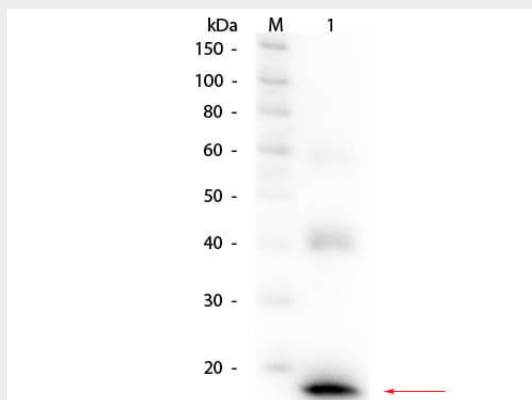
Expressed in activated macrophages (at protein level).

Anti-Mouse IL-1 β (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-Mouse IL-1 β (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Images



Western Blot of Rabbit anti-Mouse IL-1 β Antibody Biotin Conjugated. Lane 1: Mouse IL-1 β Recombinant Protein. Load: 50 ng per lane. Primary antibody: Rabbit anti-Mouse IL-1 β Antibody Biotin Conjugated at 1:1,000 overnight at 4°C. Secondary antibody: HRP streptavidin secondary antibody at 1:40,000 for 30 min at RT. Block: MB-070 for 30 minutes at RT. Predicted/Observed size: 17.5 kDa, 17.5 kDa for proteolytically processed Mouse IL-1 β .

Anti-Mouse IL-1 β (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Background

IL-1 beta (also known as Interleukin-1 beta, IL-1 β and catabolin) is produced by activated macrophages. IL-1 stimulates thymocyte proliferation by inducing IL-2 release, B-cell maturation and proliferation, and fibroblast growth factor activity. IL-1 proteins are involved in the

inflammatory response, being identified as endogenous pyrogens, and are reported to stimulate the release of prostaglandin and collagenase from synovial cells. IL-1 β is a monomeric secreted protein that may be released by damaged cells or is secreted by a mechanism differing from that used for other secretory proteins.