

Anti-BMI1 (GOAT) Antibody

BMI1 Antibody Catalog # ASR5097

Specification

Anti-BMI1 (GOAT) Antibody - Product Information

Host Goat

Conjugate
Target Species
Reactivity
Clonality
Application

Unconjugated
Human
Human
Polyclonal
WB, E, I, LCI

Application Note This affinity purified antibody has been

tested for use in ELISA,

immunofluorescence, and western blot. A 1:200 dilution is reported to be effective for Immunofluorescence against Methanol

fixed cells. Specific conditions for

reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately 37 kDa in size corresponding to Bmi1 by western blotting in the appropriate cell lysate or

extract.

Liquid (sterile filtered)

0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M

Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2

Immunogen This affinity purified antibody was

prepared from whole goat serum produced

by repeated immunizations with a

synthetic peptide corresponding to amino

acids 252-264 of human Bmi1 protein.

Preservative 0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Anti-BMI1 (GOAT) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 100532731;648

Other Names 648

Physical State

Buffer

Purity

This affinity purified antibody is directed against human Bmi1 protein. The product was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity purification. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross reactivity with Bmi1 protein from human, rat, orangutan, dog, chimpanzee, bovine and cat based on 100% homology to the immunogen sequence. This sequence shows significant homology to homologues from Xenopus and chicken sources. Reactivity against homologues from other sources is not known.

Storage Condition

Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended



storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-BMI1 (GOAT) Antibody - Protein Information

Name BMI1

Synonyms PCGF4, RNF51

Function

Component of a Polycomb group (PcG) multiprotein PRC1-like complex, a complex class required to maintain the transcriptionally repressive state of many genes, including Hox genes, throughout development. PcG PRC1 complex acts via chromatin remodeling and modification of histones; it mediates monoubiquitination of histone H2A 'Lys-119', rendering chromatin heritably changed in its expressibility (PubMed: 15386022, PubMed:16359901, PubMed:16714294, PubMed:21772249, PubMed:25355358, PubMed:26151332, PubMed:27827373). The complex composed of RNF2, UB2D3 and BMI1 binds nucleosomes, and has activity only with nucleosomal histone H2A (PubMed:21772249, PubMed:25355358). In the PRC1-like complex, regulates the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity of RNF2/RING2 (PubMed:15386022, PubMed:21772249, PubMed:26151332).

Cellular Location Nucleus. Cytoplasm

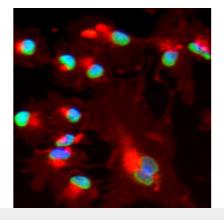
Anti-BMI1 (GOAT) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-BMI1 (GOAT) Antibody - Images





Immunofluorescence using Rockland's affinity purified goat anti Bmi1 shows nuclear staining (green) of methanol fixed (100%, 5 min) HepG2 cells. The cells were blocked and permeabilized in 1%BSA / 10% normal donkey serum / 0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h prior to incubation with the primary antibody (1:200 dilution) overnight at +4°C and detected with a 488nm fluorescent dye conjugated secondary Ab. Cell nuclei are stained with DAPI (blue) and plasma membranes are stained with WGA (red).

Anti-BMI1 (GOAT) Antibody - Background

The Bmi-1 oncogene (also known as polycomb group ring finger 4, MGC12685, murine leukemia viral (bmi 1) oncogene homolog, oncogene BMI 1, polycomb complex protein BMI 1 and RNF51) induces telomerase activity and immortalizes human mammary epithelial cells. Bmi-1 extends the replicative life span of human fibroblasts by suppressing the p16-dependent senescence pathway. The polycomb group (PcG) genes are involved in the maintenance of cellular memory through epigenetic chromatin modifications. Recent studies have implicated a role for PcG genes in the self-renewal of hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs), a process in which cellular memory is maintained through cell division. Among the PcG genes, Bmi-1 plays a central role in the inheritance of stemness, and its forced expression promotes HSC self-renewal. These findings highlight the importance of epigenetic regulation in HSC self-renewal and identify PcG genes as potential targets for therapeutic HSC manipulation.