

Anti-GFP (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Biotin Conjugated
GFP Antibody Biotin Conjugated
Catalog # ASR5130**Specification****Anti-GFP (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Product Information**

Host	Mouse
Conjugate	Biotin
Reactivity	GFP
Clonality	Monoclonal
Application	WB, IHC, E, I, LCI
Application Note	Monoclonal anti-GFP is designed to detect enhanced GFP and GFP containing recombinant proteins. Tested in E, WB, IHC. This antibody can be used to detect GFP by ELISA (sandwich or capture) for the direct binding of antigen. Biotin conjugated monoclonal anti-GFP is well suited to titrate GFP in a sandwich ELISA in combination with Rockland's polyclonal anti-GFP (600-101-215) as the capture antibody. Only use the monoclonal form for the detection of enhanced or recombinant GFP. Polyclonal anti-GFP detects all variants of GFP tested to date. The biotin conjugated detection antibody is typically used with streptavidin conjugated HRP (code # S000-03) or other streptavidin conjugates. The use of polyclonal anti-GFP results in significant amplification of signal when fluorochrome conjugated polyclonal anti-GFP is used relative to the fluorescence of GFP alone. For immunoblotting use either alkaline phosphatase or peroxidase conjugated anti-GFP to detect GFP or GFP containing proteins on western blots. Optimal titers for applications should be determined by the researcher.
Physical State	Lyophilized
Buffer	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	Anti-Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) is produced by immunizing GFP containing fusion protein that corresponds to the full length amino acid sequence (246aa) derived from the jellyfish Aequorea victoria.
Reconstitution Volume	1.0 mL
Reconstitution Buffer	Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)

Stabilizer

Preservative

**10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) -
Immunoglobulin and Protease free
0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide****Anti-GFP (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Additional Information****Purity**

GFP Biotin Conjugated Antibody was prepared from tissue culture supernatant by Protein A affinity chromatography. Assay by Immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-biotin and anti-Mouse Serum. Reactivity is observed against recombinant Green Fluorescent Protein (000-001-215, recombinant GFP from Aequorea victoria) by both Western blot and ELISA. No reaction is seen against RFP.

Storage Condition

Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-GFP (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Protein Information**Name** GFP**Function**

Energy-transfer acceptor. Its role is to transduce the blue chemiluminescence of the protein aequorin into green fluorescent light by energy transfer. Fluoresces in vivo upon receiving energy from the Ca(2+)-activated photoprotein aequorin.

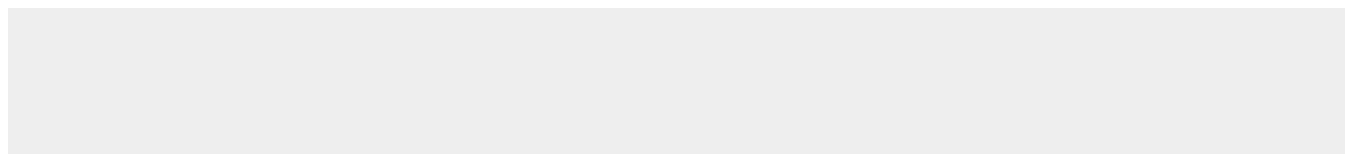
Tissue Location

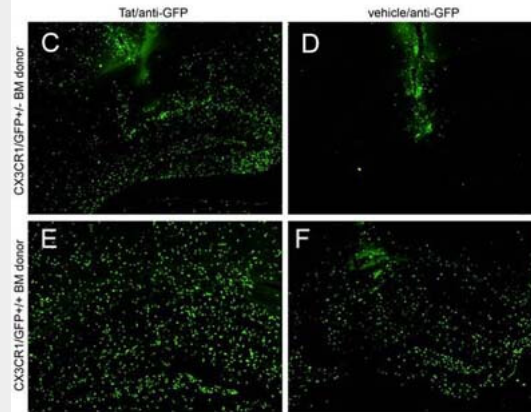
Photocytes.

Anti-GFP (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-GFP (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Images



IHC - Immuno-Fluorescence of Biotin Mouse anti-GFP antibody. Biotin mouse anti GFP used 1:5000 As referenced in: Lu S-M, Tremblay M-E` , King IL, Qi J, Reynolds HM, et al. (2011) HIV-1 Tat-Induced Microgliosis and Synaptic Damage via Interactions between Peripheral and Central Myeloid Cells. PLoS ONE 6(9): e23915. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0023915

Anti-GFP (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Background

Green fluorescent protein is a 27 kDa protein produced from the jellyfish *Aequorea victoria*, which emits green light (emission peak at a wavelength of 509nm) when excited by blue light. GFP is an important tool in cell biology research. GFP is widely used enabling researchers to visualize and localize GFP-tagged proteins within living cells without the need for chemical staining.