

**Ready-To-Use Anti-VDAC/Porin (RABBIT) Antibody**  
**Ready-To-Use VDAC/Porin Antibody**  
**Catalog # ASR5317****Specification**

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**Ready-To-Use Anti-VDAC/Porin (RABBIT) Antibody - Product Information**

Host	Rabbit
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Target Species	Human
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Application	WB, IHC, E, IP, I, LCI
Application Note	Ready to Use Anti-VDAC/Porin Antibody has been optimized and validated in western blot at 1:1000 dilution. This Anti-VDAC/Porin (RTU) Antibody is sufficient to run 10 western blots. Expect a band approximately 30-33kDa in size corresponding to VDAC/Porin by western blotting in appropriate cell lysate or extract. Although not tested, this antibody is likely functional in ELISA and Immunohistochemistry. Optimal titers for applications should be determined by the researcher.
Physical State	Liquid (sterile filtered)
Buffer	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	VDAC/Porin Antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to an internal region near amino acids 175-200 of Human VDAC1/Porin1.
Stabilizer	0.01% Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA), 25% (v/v) Glycerol
Preservative	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

**Ready-To-Use Anti-VDAC/Porin (RABBIT) Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID 7416****Other Names**  
**7416****Purity**

RTU Anti-VDAC/Porin Antibody is directed against human VDAC1/Porin1 protein. The product was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity purification. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest that this antibody would react with VDAC1/Porin1 from a wide range of organisms, including avian, mammalian, aquatic and reptilian sources based on 100% homology for the

immunogen sequence. Cross reactivity will occur with all forms of VDACs including VDAC1, VDAC2 (4 isoforms) and VDAC3 (2 isoforms). Such broad reactivity makes this antibody useful as an excellent loading control (mitochondrial).

#### Storage Condition

Store vial at 2-8° C prior to opening. May aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. Dilute only prior to use.

#### Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

### Ready-To-Use Anti-VDAC/Porin (RABBIT) Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** VDAC1 ([HGNC:12669](#))

**Synonyms** VDAC

#### Function

Non-selective voltage-gated ion channel that mediates the transport of anions and cations through the mitochondrion outer membrane and plasma membrane (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10661876" target="\_blank">10661876</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11845315" target="\_blank">11845315</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18755977" target="\_blank">18755977</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30061676" target="\_blank">30061676</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8420959" target="\_blank">8420959</a>). The channel at the outer mitochondrial membrane allows diffusion of small hydrophilic molecules; in the plasma membrane it is involved in cell volume regulation and apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10661876" target="\_blank">10661876</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11845315" target="\_blank">11845315</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18755977" target="\_blank">18755977</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8420959" target="\_blank">8420959</a>). It adopts an open conformation at low or zero membrane potential and a closed conformation at potentials above 30-40 mV (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10661876" target="\_blank">10661876</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18755977" target="\_blank">18755977</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8420959" target="\_blank">8420959</a>). The open state has a weak anion selectivity whereas the closed state is cation-selective (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18755977" target="\_blank">18755977</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8420959" target="\_blank">8420959</a>). Binds various signaling molecules, including the sphingolipid ceramide, the phospholipid phosphatidylcholine, and the sterols cholesterol and oxysterol (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18755977" target="\_blank">18755977</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31015432" target="\_blank">31015432</a>). In depolarized mitochondria, acts downstream of PRKN and PINK1 to promote mitophagy or prevent apoptosis; polyubiquitination by PRKN promotes mitophagy, while monoubiquitination by PRKN decreases mitochondrial calcium influx which ultimately inhibits apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32047033" target="\_blank">32047033</a>). May participate in the formation of the permeability transition pore complex (PTPC) responsible for the release of mitochondrial products that triggers apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15033708" target="\_blank">15033708</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25296756" target="\_blank">25296756</a>). May mediate ATP export from cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30061676" target="\_blank">30061676</a>). Part of a complex composed of HSPA9, ITPR1 and VDAC1 that regulates mitochondrial calcium-dependent apoptosis by facilitating calcium transport from the ER lumen to the mitochondria intermembrane space thus providing calcium for the downstream

calcium channel MCU that directly releases it into mitochondria matrix (By similarity). Mediates cytochrome c efflux (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20230784" target="\_blank">20230784</a>).

#### Cellular Location

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Membrane raft; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Found in a complex with HSPA9 and VDAC1 at the endoplasmic reticulum- mitochondria contact sites. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2L0}

#### Tissue Location

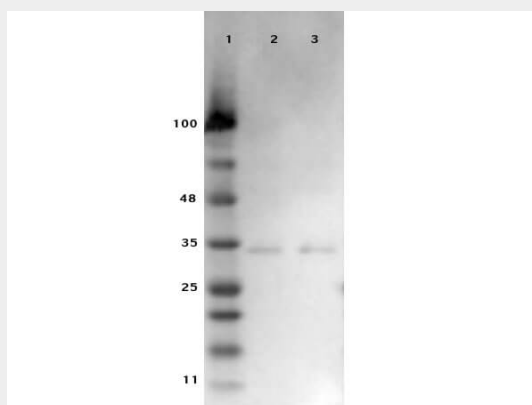
Expressed in erythrocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:27641616). Expressed in heart, liver and skeletal muscle (PubMed:8420959).

### Ready-To-Use Anti-VDAC/Porin (RABBIT) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Ready-To-Use Anti-VDAC/Porin (RABBIT) Antibody - Images



Western Blot Results of Ready to Use Rabbit Anti-VDAC/Porin Antibody. Lane 1: Opal Pre-stained Molecular Weight Ladder (p/n MB-210-0500). Lane 2: HEK293T WC Lysate (p/n W09-001-GX5). Lane 3: HeLa WC Lysate (p/n W09-000-364). Load: 10  $\mu$ L. Primary Antibody: Ready to Use Rabbit Anti-VDAC1/Porin Antibody 1:1000 overnight at 4°C. Secondary Antibody: Goat Anti-Rabbit HRP (p/n 611-103-122) at 1:70,000 for 30 min RT. Block: BlockOut Buffer (p/n MB-073). Expect: ~31 kDa.

### Ready-To-Use Anti-VDAC/Porin (RABBIT) Antibody - Background

VDAC/Porin Antibody recognizes VDAC (also known as Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 1, Outer mitochondrial membrane protein porin 1, Plasmalemmal porin, Porin 31HL) which is an outer membrane mitochondrial protein. The VDAC proteins are ~30-33 kDa (some isoforms are

larger - see below). The VDAC proteins are thought to form aqueous channels, or pores, through which adenine nucleotides cross the outer mitochondrial membrane. VDACS have been implicated in the formation of the mitochondrial permeability transition pore complex in apoptotic cells. This complex, formed by VDAC, adenine nucleotide translocator (ANT), and cyclophilin D (CypD), is thought to allow the mitochondria to undergo metabolic uncoupling and irreversible morphologic changes that ultimately destroy the mitochondria during apoptosis. VDACS are highly expressed in heart, liver and skeletal muscle, where concentrations of mitochondria are at their highest. This antibody can be used as a loading control with whole cell lysates and total mitochondrial preparations. All Rockland Immunochemical's VDAC/Porin antibodies are affinity-purified to assure both high affinity and specificity. Rigorous quality control testing ensures that the finished product meets or exceeds out high standards for optimum performance in your assays.