

**Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] (RABBIT) Antibody**  
**Histone H3 K4me2 Antibody**  
**Catalog # ASR5618****Specification****Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] (RABBIT) Antibody - Product Information**

Host	Rabbit
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Target Species	Human
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Application	WB, IHC, I, LCI
Application Note	Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] antibody is tested in Western Blot, Immunofluorescence, Chromatin Immunoprecipitation, and Dot Blot. This antibody is useful in Immunocytochemistry. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately ~15.4 kDa corresponding to Histone H3 protein by Western Blotting in HeLa histone prep lysate or the appropriate cell lysate or extract. Epi-Plus™ antibody production in collaboration with Novus Biologicals.
Physical State	Liquid (sterile filtered)
Buffer	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] affinity purified antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic dimethylated peptide surrounding Lysine 4 of human Histone H3.2.
Stabilizer	30% Glycerol
Preservative	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

**Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] (RABBIT) Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 126961;333932;653604**Other Names**  
126961**Purity**

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography. This antibody reacts with human Histone H3.2. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with Human, mouse, and C. elegans. Predicted to react with many species including rat, chicken, Xenopus, Drosophila, and plant based on 100% sequence

homology. Cross-reactivity with Histone H3 from other sources has not been determined.

**Storage Condition**

Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

**Precautions Note**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

**Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] (RABBIT) Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** H3C15 ([HGNC:20505](#))

**Function**

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

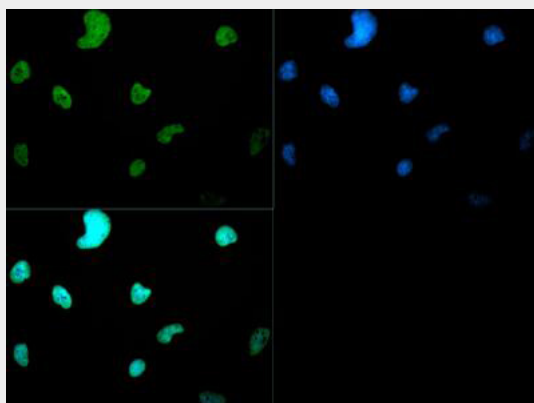
**Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome.

**Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] (RABBIT) Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] (RABBIT) Antibody - Images**

Immunofluorescence of Rabbit Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] Antibody. Tissue: C. elegans embryo lysate. Fixation: 0.5% PFA. Antigen retrieval: Not required. Primary antibody: Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] antibody at a 1:50 dilution for 1 h at RT. Secondary antibody: Dylight 488 secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Localization: Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] is nuclear and chromosomal. Staining: Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] is expressed in green and the nuclei are counterstained blue with DAPI.

#### **Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys4] (RABBIT) Antibody - Background**

H3K4me2 is a modification thought to have a role in transcriptional memory. In CD4+ T lymphocytes, H3K4Me2 is present within gene bodies regulating cellular function, but not in those of housekeeping genes, which indicates that the modification has a role in refining the tissue-specificity of expressed genes. This type of cellular identity targeting is also noted in work with human and mouse spermatozoa; the H3K4Me2 modification marks genes that are relevant in spermatogenesis. Most effects of H3K4Me2 seem to be attributed to its transcriptional activation; however, recent work also indicates that it may also play an RNA-dependent regressive role, related to the GAL-1 promoter. Anti-Histone H3 are ideal for researchers interested in Chromatin Modifiers, Chromatin Research, Histones and Modified Histones, and Epigenetics Research.