

# Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] (RABBIT) Antibody

Histone H3 phospho S10 Antibody Catalog # ASR5634

## **Specification**

# Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] (RABBIT) Antibody - Product Information

Host Rabbit

Conjugate Unconjugated Target Species Human

Reactivity
Clonality
Application

Human
Polyclonal
WB, IHC, I, LCI

Application Note Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] antibody is

tested by Western Blot,

Immunofluorescence, and Dot Blot. This

antibody is useful for

Immunocytochemistry and Chromatin Immunoprecipitation. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately ~15.4 kDa corresponding to Histone H3 protein by Western Blotting in HeLa

histone prep lysate or the appropriate cell lysate or extract. Epi-Plus™ antibody production in collaboration with Novus

Biologicals.

Physical State Liquid (sterile filtered)

Buffer 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M

Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2

Immunogen Histone H3 [p Ser10] affinity purified

antibody was prepared from whole rabbit

serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic phosphorylated peptide surrounding Serine 10 of human Histone H3.2.

30% Glycerol

Preservative 0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

### Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] (RABBIT) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 126961;333932;653604

Other Names 126961

## **Purity**

Stabilizer

Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography. This antibody reacts with human Histone H3.2. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with Human, mouse, and C. elegans. Predicted to react with many species including rat, chicken, Xenopus, Drosophila, and plant based on 100% sequence homology.



Cross-reactivity with Histone H3 from other sources has not been determined.

## **Storage Condition**

Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

#### **Precautions Note**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

#### Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] (RABBIT) Antibody - Protein Information

#### Name H3C15 (HGNC:20505)

#### **Function**

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

#### **Cellular Location**

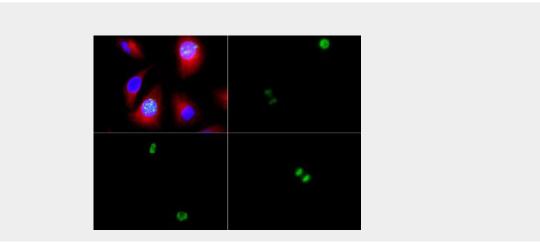
Nucleus. Chromosome.

#### Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] (RABBIT) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

#### Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] (RABBIT) Antibody - Images







(red).

Immunofluorescence of Rabbit Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] Antibody. Tissue: HeLa cells. Fixation: 0.5% PFA. Antigen retrieval: Not required. Primary antibody: Histone H3 [p Ser10] antibody at a 1:200 dilution for 1 h at RT. Secondary antibody: FITC secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Localization: Histone H3 [p Ser10] is nuclear and chromosomal. Staining: Histone H3 [p Ser10] is expressed in green, nuclei and actin are counterstained with Dapi (blue) and Phalloidin

## Anti-Histone H3 [p Ser10] (RABBIT) Antibody - Background

H3 pS10 is typically associated with activation of transcription of genes associated with histone H3. This modification is linked to the initiation of chromatin condensation in G(2). During mitosis, H3pS10 is required for proper chromosome segregation. Formation of the H3pS10 modification seems to be regulated in part by p53, which interacts with histone modifying complexes. In development of the retina, the presence of H3pS10 is linked to the abundance of eye defects. This developmental effect of H3pS10 seems to be related to Psf2 and GPR84. The human Timeless protein (Tim) regulates the global H3pS10 phosphorylation in G2/M phase. VASP concentrations peak during mitosis in HeLa cells at the same time as H3pS10, indicating that co-responsibility for transition of G2/M phases. AURKB promotes the phosphorylation of histone H3 at pS10. Anti-Histone H3 are ideal for researchers interested in Chromatin Modifiers, Chromatin Research, Histones and Modified Histones, and Epigenetics research.