

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] (RABBIT) Antibody
Histone H3 K36me2 Antibody
Catalog # ASR5646**Specification**

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] (RABBIT) Antibody - Product Information

Host	Rabbit
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Target Species	Human
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Clonality	Polyclonal
Application	WB, IHC, I, LCI
Application Note	Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] antibody is tested in Western Blot, Chromatin Immunoprecipitation, Dot Blot, and Immunofluorescence. This antibody is useful for Immunocytochemistry. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately ~15.4 kDa corresponding to Histone H3 protein by Western Blotting in HeLa histone prep lysate or the appropriate cell lysate or extract. Epi-Plus™ antibody production in collaboration with Novus Biologicals.
Physical State	Liquid (sterile filtered)
Buffer	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] affinity purified antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic dimethylated peptide surrounding Lysine 36 of human Histone H3.2.
Stabilizer	30% Glycerol
Preservative	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] (RABBIT) Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 126961;333932;653604**Other Names**
126961**Purity**

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography. This antibody reacts with human Histone H3.2. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with Human, mouse, and C. elegans. Predicted to react with many species including rat, chicken, Xenopus, Drosophila, and plant based on 100% sequence homology. Cross-reactivity with Histone H3 from other sources has not been determined.

Storage Condition

Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] (RABBIT) Antibody - Protein Information

Name H3C15 ([HGNC:20505](#))

Function

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

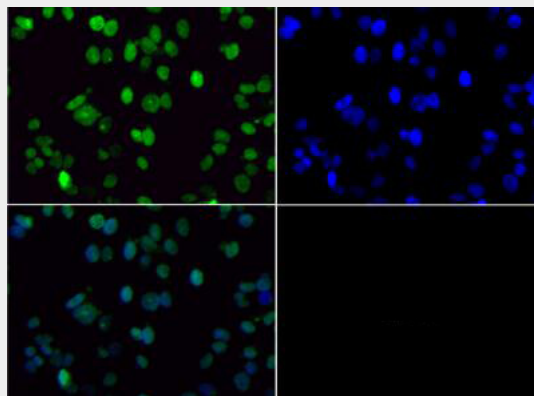
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome.

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] (RABBIT) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] (RABBIT) Antibody - Images

Immunofluorescence of Rabbit Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] Antibody. Tissue: Neuro2a cells.

Fixation: 0.5% PFA. Antigen retrieval: Not required. Primary antibody: Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] antibody at a 1:100 dilution for 1 h at RT. Secondary antibody: FITC secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Localization: Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] is nuclear and chromosomal. Staining: Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] is expressed in green, nuclei are counterstained with DAPI (blue).

Anti-Histone H3 [Dimethyl Lys36] (RABBIT) Antibody - Background

In normal cellular conditions, H3K36Me2 represses spurious transcription, via recruitment of a deacetylase complex, Rpd3s. However, in cancer cells, overexpression of a histone demethylation enzyme (KDM8) can lead to demethylation of H3K36Me2, which then leads to inhibition of HDAC recruitment and thus erroneous transcriptional activation. Therefore, the variable role of H3K36Me2 as an epigenetic repressor or activator seems critical in cancer research. Anti-Histone H3 are ideal for researchers interested in Chromatin Modifiers, Chromatin Research, Histones and Modified Histones, and Epigenetics research.