

# Anti-PI4K alpha, type I (RABBIT) Antibody

PI4K alpha type I Antibody Catalog # ASR5733

### **Specification**

## Anti-PI4K alpha, type I (RABBIT) Antibody - Product Information

Host Rabbit

Conjugate Unconjugated

Target Species Human
Reactivity Human
Clonality Polyclonal

Application WB, IHC, E, I, LCI

Application Note Anti-PI4K alpha antibody is tested by IHC

and ELISA useful for Western Blot. Specific

conditions for reactivity should be

optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately  $\sim\!62.6\text{kDa}$  corresponding to

the appropriate cell lysate or extract.

Physical State Liquid (sterile filtered)

Buffer 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M

Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2

Immunogen Anti-PI4K, type I alpha affinity purified

antibody was prepared from whole rabbit

serum produced by repeated

immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to an internal region of human PI4K, type I alpha protein.

Stabilizer 30% Glycerol

#### Anti-PI4K alpha, type I (RABBIT) Antibody - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 8394**

## **Purity**

Anti-PI4K, type I alpha was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with mouse and human based on 100% sequence homology. Cross-reactivity with PI4K, type I alpha from other sources has not been determined.

## **Storage Condition**

Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

### **Precautions Note**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

#### Anti-PI4K alpha, type I (RABBIT) Antibody - Protein Information



## Name PIP5K1A (HGNC:8994)

#### **Function**

Catalyzes the phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4- phosphate (PtdIns(4)P/PI4P) to form phosphatidylinositol 4,5- bisphosphate (PtdIns(4,5)P2/PIP2), a lipid second messenger that regulates several cellular processes such as signal transduction, vesicle trafficking, actin cytoskeleton dynamics, cell adhesion, and cell motility (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21477596" target="\_blank">21477596</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22942276" target="\_blank">22942276</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8955136" target="\_blank">8955136</a>). PtdIns(4,5)P2 can directly act as a second messenger or can be utilized as a precursor to generate other second messengers: inositol 1,4,5- trisphosphate (IP3), diacylglycerol (DAG) or phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate (PtdIns(3,4,5)P3/PIP3) (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19158393" target="\_blank">19158393</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20660631" target="\_blank">20660631</a>). PIP5K1A-mediated phosphorylation of PtdIns(4)P is the predominant pathway for PtdIns(4,5)P2 synthesis (By similarity). Can also use phosphatidylinositol (PtdIns) as substrate in vitro (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22942276" target="\_blank">22942276</a>). Together with PIP5K1C, is required for phagocytosis, both enzymes regulating different types of actin remodeling at sequential steps (By similarity). Promotes particle ingestion by activating the WAS GTPase-binding protein that induces Arp2/3 dependent actin polymerization at the nascent phagocytic cup (By similarity). Together with PIP5K1B, is required, after stimulation by G-protein coupled receptors, for the synthesis of IP3 that will induce stable platelet adhesion (By similarity). Recruited to the plasma membrane by the E-cadherin/beta-catenin complex where it provides the substrate PtdIns(4,5)P2 for the production of PtdIns(3,4,5)P3, IP3 and DAG, that will mobilize internal calcium and drive keratinocyte differentiation (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19158393" target="\_blank">19158393</a>). Positively regulates insulin-induced translocation of SLC2A4 to the cell membrane in adipocytes (By similarity). Together with PIP5K1C has a role during embryogenesis (By similarity). Independently of its catalytic activity, is required for membrane ruffling formation, actin organization and focal adhesion formation during directional cell migration by controlling integrin-induced translocation of the small GTPase RAC1 to the plasma membrane (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20660631" target="\_blank">20660631</a>). Also functions in the nucleus where it acts as an activator of TUT1 adenylyltransferase activity in nuclear speckles, thereby regulating mRNA polyadenylation of a select set of mRNAs (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18288197" target=" blank">18288197</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70182}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70182}. Nucleus. Nucleus speckle. Cell projection, ruffle. Cell projection, lamellipodium. Note=Colocalizes with RAC1 at actin-rich membrane ruffles (PubMed:20660631). Localizes to nuclear speckles and associates with TUT1 to regulate polyadenylation of selected mRNAs (PubMed:18288197).

### **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Detected at lower levels in brain, lung and liver.

## Anti-PI4K alpha, type I (RABBIT) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

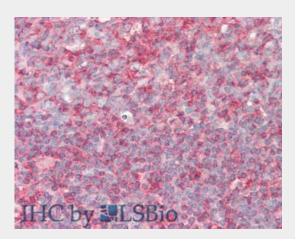
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot





- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Anti-PI4K alpha, type I (RABBIT) Antibody - Images



Immunohistochemistry of Rabbit anti-PIP5K1A antibody. Tissue: Tonsil. Fixation: formalin fixed paraffin embedded. Antigen retrieval: not required. Primary antibody: PIP5K1A antibody at 5  $\mu$ g/mL for 1 h at RT. Secondary antibody: Peroxidase rabbit secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Staining: PIP5K1A as precipitated red signal with hematoxylin purple nuclear counterstain.

## Anti-PI4K alpha, type I (RABBIT) Antibody - Background

Phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate 5-kinase type-1 alpha is a member of PI3/PI4-kinase family, PI4K alpha is expressed with the highest amount of expression in the heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. This gene encodes a phosphatidylinositol (PI) 4-kinase which catalyzes the first committed step in the biosynthesis of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate. Anti-PI4K alpha antibody is ideal for investigators interested in Kinase and Phosphatase Antibodies.