

## ATP6V1C2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant ATP6V1C2. Catalog # AT1242a

#### Specification

## ATP6V1C2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW

WB, E <u>Q8NEY4</u> <u>NM\_144583</u> Human mouse Monoclonal IgG2b Kappa 48759

### ATP6V1C2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 245973

**Other Names** V-type proton ATPase subunit C 2, V-ATPase subunit C 2, Vacuolar proton pump subunit C 2, ATP6V1C2

**Target/Specificity** ATP6V1C2 (NP\_653184, 188 a.a. ~ 253 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

**Dilution** WB~~1:500~1000 E~~N/A

Format Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 .

Storage Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

**Precautions** ATP6V1C2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### ATP6V1C2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

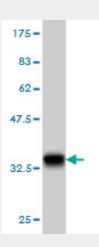
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides

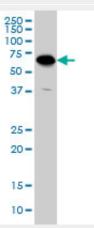


- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

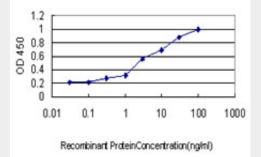
ATP6V1C2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein.Western Blot detection against Immunogen (33 KDa).



ATP6V1C2 monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 3D5 Western Blot analysis of ATP6V1C2 expression in HeLa ( (Cat # AT1242a )



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged ATP6V1C2 is approximately 0.03ng/ml as a capture antibody.



# ATP6V1C2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A,three B, and two G subunits, as well as a C, D, E, F, and H subunit. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. This gene encodes alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different V1 domain C subunit isoforms.

## ATP6V1C2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

Personalized smoking cessation: interactions between nicotine dose, dependence and quit-success genotype score. Rose JE, et al. Mol Med, 2010 Jul-Aug. PMID 20379614.Diversification of transcriptional modulation: large-scale identification and characterization of putative alternative promoters of human genes. Kimura K, et al. Genome Res, 2006 Jan. PMID 16344560.Structural features and nucleotide-binding capability of the C subunit are integral to the regulation of the eukaryotic V1Vo ATPases. Gr?ber G. Biochem Soc Trans, 2005 Aug. PMID 16042619.Circular rapid amplification of cDNA ends for high-throughput extension cloning of partial genes. Fu GK, et al. Genomics, 2004 Jul. PMID 15203218.Neurotransmitter release: the dark side of the vacuolar-H+ATPase. Morel N. Biol Cell, 2003 Oct. PMID 14597263.