

GSTA1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a full length recombinant GSTA1. Catalog # AT2275a

Specification

GSTA1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, E **Primary Accession** P08263 Other Accession BC053578.1 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype IgG1 Kappa Calculated MW 25631

GSTA1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 2938

Other Names

Glutathione S-transferase A1, GST HA subunit 1, GST class-alpha member 1, GST-epsilon, GSTA1-1, GTH1, Glutathione S-transferase A1, N-terminally processed, GSTA1

Target/Specificity

GSTA1 (AAH53578.1, 1 a.a. \sim 222 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000 IHC~~1:100~500 E~~N/A

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

GSTA1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GSTA1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

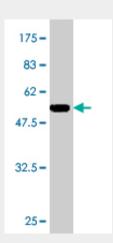
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Western Blot

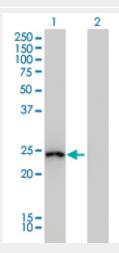


- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

GSTA1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen $(50.16\ \text{KDa})$.

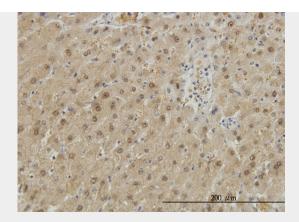


Western Blot analysis of GSTA1 expression in transfected 293T cell line by GSTA1 monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 2F7.

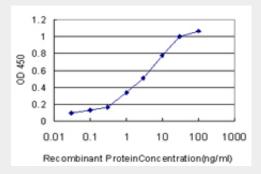
Lane 1: GSTA1 transfected lysate(26 KDa).

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.





Immunoperoxidase of monoclonal antibody to GSTA1 on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded human liver. [antibody concentration 3 ug/ml]



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged GSTA1 is approximately 0.1ng/ml as a capture antibody.

GSTA1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

Cytosolic and membrane-bound forms of glutathione S-transferase are encoded by two distinct supergene families. These enzymes function in the detoxification of electrophilic compounds, including carcinogens, therapeutic drugs, environmental toxins and products of oxidative stress, by conjugation with glutathione. The genes encoding these enzymes are known to be highly polymorphic. These genetic variations can change an individual's susceptibility to carcinogens and toxins as well as affect the toxicity and efficacy of some drugs. At present, eight distinct classes of the soluble cytoplasmic mammalian glutathione S-transferases have been identified: alpha, kappa, mu, omega, pi, sigma, theta and zeta. This gene encodes a glutathione S-transferase belonging to the alpha class. The alpha class genes, located in a cluster mapped to chromosome 6, are the most abundantly expressed glutathione S-transferases in liver. In addition to metabolizing bilirubin and certain anti-cancer drugs in the liver, the alpha class of these enzymes exhibit glutathione peroxidase activity thereby protecting the cells from reactive oxygen species and the products of peroxidation.

GSTA1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

1.Redox Protein Expression Predicts Radiotherapeutic Response in Early-Stage Invasive Breast Cancer Patients. Woolston CM, Al-Attar A, Storr SJ, Ellis IO, Morgan DA, Martin SG.Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys. 2011 Feb 5. [Epub ahead of print]2. Overcoming Glutathione S-Transferase P1-Related Cisplatin Resistance in Osteosarcoma. Pasello M, Michelacci F, Scionti I, Hattinger CM, Zuntini M, Caccuri AM, Scotlandi K, Picci P, Serra M.Cancer Res. 2008 Aug 15;68(16):6661-8.