

IDH2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant IDH2. Catalog # AT2479a

Specification

IDH2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW WB, IHC, E P48735 NM_002168 Human mouse Monoclonal IgG1 Kappa 50909

IDH2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3418

Other Names Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NADP], mitochondrial, IDH, ICD-M, IDP, NADP(+)-specific ICDH, Oxalosuccinate decarboxylase, IDH2

Target/Specificity IDH2 (NP_002159, 354 a.a. ~ 451 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution WB~~1:500~1000 IHC~~1:100~500 E~~N/A

Format Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 .

Storage Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions IDH2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

IDH2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Western Blot</u>



- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

IDH2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein.Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.52 KDa).



Western Blot analysis of IDH2 expression in transfected 293T cell line by IDH2 monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 5F11.

Lane 1: IDH2 transfected lysate(50.9 KDa). Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.





Immunoperoxidase of monoclonal antibody to IDH2 on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded human colon. [antibody concentration 3 ug/ml]



Recombinant ProteinConcentration(ng/ml)

Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged IDH2 is approximately 0.03ng/ml as a capture antibody.

IDH2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the mitochondria. It plays a role in intermediary metabolism and energy production. This protein may tightly associate or interact with the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex.

IDH2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

1.Altered global methylation and hydroxymethylation status in vulvar lichen sclerosus - further support for epigenetic mechanisms.Gambichler T, Terras S, Kreuter A, Skrygan MBr J Dermatol. 2013 Oct 27. doi: 10.1111/bjd.12702.