

SMAD2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant SMAD2. Catalog # AT3939a

Specification

SMAD2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, E **Primary Accession** 015796 Other Accession BC025699 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype IgG2a Kappa Calculated MW 52306

SMAD2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4087

Other Names

Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2, MAD homolog 2, Mothers against DPP homolog 2, JV18-1, Mad-related protein 2, hMAD-2, SMAD family member 2, SMAD 2, Smad2, hSMAD2, SMAD2, MADH2, MADR2

Target/Specificity

SMAD2 (AAH25699, 181 a.a. \sim 280 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000 IHC~~1:100~500 IF~~1:50~200 E~~N/A

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

SMAD2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

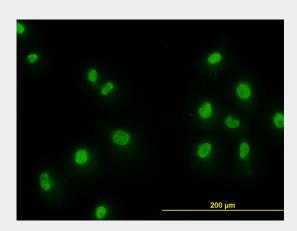
SMAD2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

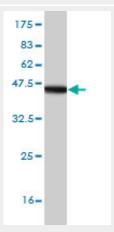


- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

SMAD2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images

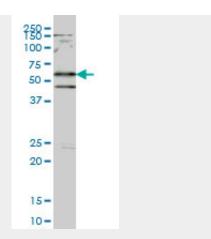


Immunofluorescence of monoclonal antibody to SMAD2 on HeLa cell. [antibody concentration 10 ug/ml]

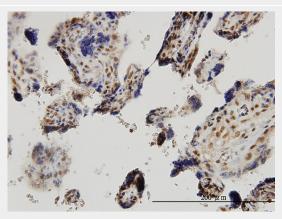


Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.63 KDa) .

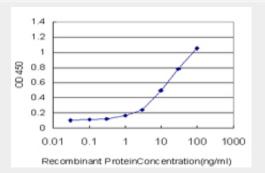




SMAD2 monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 4D10 Western Blot analysis of SMAD2 expression in Hela S3 NE ((Cat # AT3939a)



Immunoperoxidase of monoclonal antibody to SMAD2 on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded human placenta. [antibody concentration 3 ug/ml]



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged SMAD2 is approximately 1ng/ml as a capture antibody.

SMAD2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus regulates multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation. This protein is recruited to the TGF-beta receptors through its interaction with the SMAD anchor for receptor activation (SARA) protein. In response to TGF-beta signal, this protein is phosphorylated by the TGF-beta receptors. The phosphorylation induces the dissociation of this protein with SARA and the association with the family member SMAD4. The association with SMAD4





is important for the translocation of this protein into the nucleus, where it binds to target promoters and forms a transcription repressor complex with other cofactors. This protein can also be phosphorylated by activin type 1 receptor kinase, and mediates the signal from the activin. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been observed.

SMAD2 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

Maternal genes and facial clefts in offspring: a comprehensive search for genetic associations in two population-based cleft studies from Scandinavia, Jugessur A, et al. PLoS One, 2010 Jul 9. PMID 20634891. Somatic mutations and germline sequence variants in patients with familial colorectal cancer. Gylfe AE, et al. Int J Cancer, 2010 Jun 29. PMID 20589678.Smad2 and Smad6 as predictors of overall survival in oral squamous cell carcinoma patients. Mangone FR, et al. Mol Cancer, 2010 May 12. PMID 20462450. Induced expression of bone morphogenetic protein-6 and Smads signaling in human monocytes derived dendritic cells during sickle-cell pathology with orthopedic complications. Abhishek K, et al. Biochem Biophys Res Commun, 2010 Jun 11. PMID 20460105.A Large-scale genetic association study of esophageal adenocarcinoma risk. Liu CY, et al. Carcinogenesis, 2010 Jul. PMID 20453000.