

SRF Antibody (monoclonal) (M02)
Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant SRF.
Catalog # AT4037a

Specification

SRF Antibody (monoclonal) (M02) - Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	P11831
Other Accession	BC048211
Reactivity	Human
Host	mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG2a Kappa
Calculated MW	51593

SRF Antibody (monoclonal) (M02) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6722

Other Names

Serum response factor, SRF, SRF

Target/Specificity

SRF (AAH48211, 406 a.a. ~ 508 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

E~~N/A

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 .

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

SRF Antibody (monoclonal) (M02) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

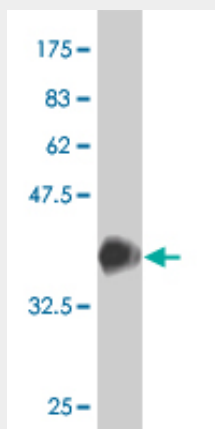
SRF Antibody (monoclonal) (M02) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

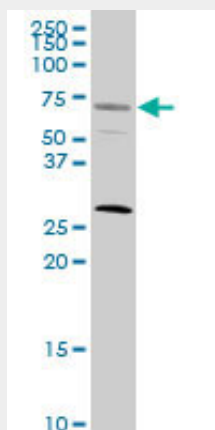
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)

- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

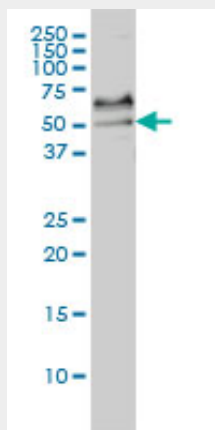
SRF Antibody (monoclonal) (M02) - Images



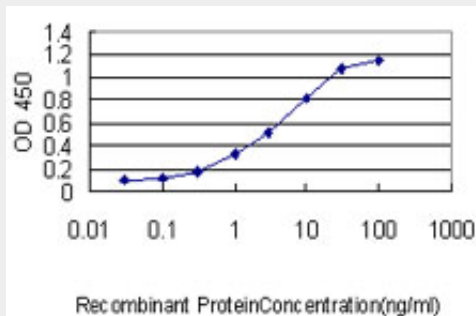
Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (37.07 kDa) .



SRF monoclonal antibody (M02), clone 1C8. Western Blot analysis of SRF expression in HeLa (Cat # AT4037a)



SRF monoclonal antibody (M02), clone 1C8 Western Blot analysis of SRF expression in Hela S3 NE (Cat # AT4037a)



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged SRF is approximately 0.1ng/ml as a capture antibody.

SRF Antibody (monoclonal) (M02) - Background

This gene encodes a ubiquitous nuclear protein that stimulates both cell proliferation and differentiation. It is a member of the MADS (MCM1, Agamous, Deficiens, and SRF) box superfamily of transcription factors. This protein binds to the serum response element (SRE) in the promoter region of target genes. This protein regulates the activity of many immediate-early genes, for example c-fos, and thereby participates in cell cycle regulation, apoptosis, cell growth, and cell differentiation. This gene is the downstream target of many pathways; for example, the mitogen-activated protein kinase pathway (MAPK) that acts through the ternary complex factors (TCFs).

SRF Antibody (monoclonal) (M02) - References

Variation at the NFATC2 Locus Increases the Risk of Thiazolinedione-Induced Edema in the Diabetes REduction Assessment with ramipril and rosiglitazone Medication (DREAM) Study. Bailey SD, et al. Diabetes Care, 2010 Jul 13. PMID 20628086. Personalized smoking cessation: interactions between nicotine dose, dependence and quit-success genotype score. Rose JE, et al. Mol Med, 2010 Jul-Aug. PMID 20379614. The Elk-1 and serum response factor binding sites in the major immediate-early promoter of human cytomegalovirus are required for efficient viral replication in quiescent cells and compensate for inactivation of the NF-kappaB sites in proliferating cells. Caposio P, et al. J Virol, 2010 May. PMID 20147408. Serum response factor depletion affects the proliferation of the hepatocellular carcinoma cells HepG2 and JHH6. Farra R, et al. Biochimie, 2010 May. PMID 20144681. Proliferation of human primary vascular smooth muscle cells depends on serum response factor. Werth D, et al. Eur J Cell Biol, 2010 Feb-Mar. PMID 20096952.