

UBE2G1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a full length recombinant UBE2G1. Catalog # AT4435a

Specification

UBE2G1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application WB, IF **Primary Accession** P62253 Other Accession BC002775 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype IgG1 kappa Calculated MW 19509

UBE2G1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7326

Other Names

Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 G1, E217K, UBC7, Ubiquitin carrier protein G1, Ubiquitin-protein ligase G1, Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 G1, N-terminally processed, UBE2G1, UBE2G

Target/Specificity

UBE2G1 (AAH02775, 1 a.a. \sim 170 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000 IF~~1:50~200

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

UBE2G1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

UBE2G1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

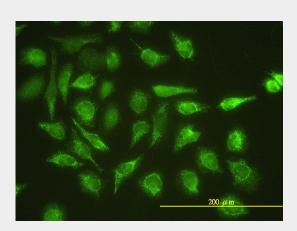
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides

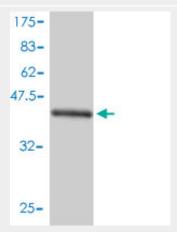


- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

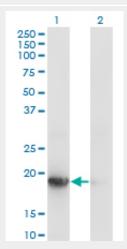
UBE2G1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Immunofluorescence of monoclonal antibody to UBE2G1 on HeLa cell. [antibody concentration 20 ug/ml]



Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (44.44 KDa).





Western Blot analysis of UBE2G1 expression in transfected 293T cell line by UBE2G1 monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 1C12-1B2.

Lane 1: UBE2G1 transfected lysate (Predicted MW: 19.5 KDa).

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

UBE2G1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

The modification of proteins with ubiquitin is an important cellular mechanism for targeting abnormal or short-lived proteins for degradation. Ubiquitination involves at least three classes of enzymes: ubiquitin-activating enzymes, or E1s, ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, or E2s, and ubiquitin-protein ligases, or E3s. This gene encodes a member of the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme family and catalyzes the covalent attachment of ubiquitin to other proteins. The protein may be involved in degradation of muscle-specific proteins.

UBE2G1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

Ubiquitination-induced conformational change within the deiodinase dimer is a switch regulating enzyme activity. Sagar GD, et al. Mol Cell Biol, 2007 Jul. PMID 17452445. The status, quality, and expansion of the NIH full-length cDNA project: the Mammalian Gene Collection (MGC). Gerhard DS, et al. Genome Res, 2004 Oct. PMID 15489334. Endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation of the human type 2 iodothyronine deiodinase (D2) is mediated via an association between mammalian UBC7 and the carboxyl region of D2. Kim BW, et al. Mol Endocrinol, 2003 Dec. PMID 12933904. Exploring proteomes and analyzing protein processing by mass spectrometric identification of sorted N-terminal peptides. Gevaert K, et al. Nat Biotechnol, 2003 May. PMID 12665801. Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length human and mouse cDNA sequences. Strausberg RL, et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A, 2002 Dec 24. PMID 12477932.