

XBP1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M04)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant XBP1. Catalog # AT4550a

Specification

XBP1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M04) - Product Information

Application WB **Primary Accession** P17861 Other Accession BC012841 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype IgG2a Kappa Calculated MW 28695

XBP1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M04) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7494

Other Names

X-box-binding protein 1, XBP-1, Tax-responsive element-binding protein 5, XBP1, TREB5, XBP2

Target/Specificity

XBP1 (AAH12841, 123 a.a. \sim 225 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

XBP1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M04) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

XBP1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M04) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry

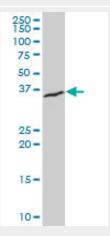


- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

XBP1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M04) - Images



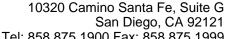
Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (37.33 KDa).



XBP1 monoclonal antibody (M04), clone 4E4 Western Blot analysis of XBP1 expression in U-2 OS((Cat # AT4550a)

XBP1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M04) - Background

This gene encodes a transcription factor that regulates MHC class II genes by binding to a promoter element referred to as an X box. This gene product is a bZIP protein, which was also identified as a cellular transcription factor that binds to an enhancer in the promoter of the T cell leukemia virus type 1 promoter. It may increase expression of viral proteins by acting as the DNA binding partner of a viral transactivator. It has been found that upon accumulation of unfolded proteins in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER), the mRNA of this gene is processed to an active form by an unconventional splicing mechanism that is mediated by the endonuclease inositol-requiring enzyme 1 (IRE1). The resulting loss of 26 nt from the spliced mRNA causes a frame-shift and an isoform XBP1(S), which is the functionally active transcription factor. The isoform encoded by the unspliced mRNA, XBP1(U), is constitutively expressed, and thought to function as a negative feedback regulator of XBP1(S), which shuts off transcription of target genes during the recovery phase of ER stress. A pseudogene of XBP1 has been identified and localized to chromosome 5.





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XBP1 Antibody (monoclonal) (M04) - References

XBP1s levels are implicated in the biology and outcome of myeloma mediating different clinical outcomes to thalidomide-based treatments. Bagratuni T, et al. Blood, 2010 Jul 15. PMID 20421453.Induction of the unfolded protein response and cell death pathway in Alzheimer's disease, but not in aged Tg2576 mice. Lee JH, et al. Exp Mol Med, 2010 May 31. PMID 20368688. Evaluation of a combinatorial cell engineering approach to overcome apoptotic effects in XBP-1(s) expressing cells. Becker E, et al. J Biotechnol, 2010 Apr 15. PMID 19958799.Direct proteasome binding and subsequent degradation of unspliced XBP-1 prevent its intracellular aggregation. Navon A, et al. FEBS Lett, 2010 Jan 4. PMID 19941857. From sugar to fat: How the transcription factor XBP1 regulates hepatic lipogenesis. Glimcher LH, et al. Ann N Y Acad Sci, 2009 Sep. PMID 19751410.