

Mapk3 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5034

Specification

Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Predicted Host Clonality Calculated MW Isotype Antigen Source WB, IHC-P,E <u>O63844</u> <u>P21708</u> Mouse, Rat Human Rabbit Polyclonal H=43;M=43;Rat=43 KDa Rabbit IgG MOUSE

Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 26417

Antigen Region 353-380

Other Names

Mapk3; Erk1; Prkm3; Mitogen-activated protein kinase 3; ERT2; Extracellular signal-regulated kinase 1; Insulin-stimulated MAP2 kinase; MAP kinase isoform p44; MNK1; Microtubule-associated protein 2 kinase; p44-ERK1

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

Target/Specificity

This Mapk3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 353-380 amino acids from the C-terminal region of mouse Mapk3.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name Mapk3

Synonyms Erk1, Prkm3

Function

Serine/threonine kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway. MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1 are the 2 MAPKs which play an important role in the MAPK/ERK cascade. They participate also in a signaling cascade initiated by activated KIT and KITLG/SCF. Depending on the cellular context, the MAPK/ERK cascade mediates diverse biological functions such as cell growth, adhesion, survival and differentiation through the regulation of transcription, translation, cytoskeletal rearrangements. The MAPK/ERK cascade also plays a role in initiation and regulation of meiosis, mitosis, and postmitotic functions in differentiated cells by phosphorylating a number of transcription factors. About 160 substrates have already been discovered for ERKs. Many of these substrates are localized in the nucleus, and seem to participate in the regulation of transcription upon stimulation. However, other substrates are found in the cytosol as well as in other cellular organelles, and those are responsible for processes such as translation, mitosis and apoptosis. Moreover, the MAPK/ERK cascade is also involved in the regulation of the endosomal dynamics, including lysosome processing and endosome cycling through the perinuclear recycling compartment (PNRC); as well as in the fragmentation of the Golgi apparatus during mitosis. The substrates include transcription factors (such as ATF2, BCL6, ELK1, ERF, FOS, HSF4 or SPZ1), cytoskeletal elements (such as CANX, CTTN, GJA1, MAP2, MAPT, PXN, SORBS3 or STMN1), regulators of apoptosis (such as BAD, BTG2, CASP9, DAPK1, IER3, MCL1 or PPARG), regulators of translation (such as EIF4EBP1) and a variety of other signaling-related molecules (like ARHGEF2, DEPTOR, FRS2 or GRB10). Protein kinases (such as RAF1. RPS6KA1/RSK1. RPS6KA3/RSK2. RPS6KA2/RSK3. RPS6KA6/RSK4. SYK. MKNK1/MNK1. MKNK2/MNK2, RPS6KA5/MSK1, RPS6KA4/MSK2, MAPKAPK3 or MAPKAPK5) and phosphatases (such as DUSP1, DUSP4, DUSP6 or DUSP16) are other substrates which enable the propagation the MAPK/ERK signal to additional cytosolic and nuclear targets, thereby extending the specificity of the cascade.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21708}. Nucleus. Membrane, caveola {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21708}. Cell junction, focal adhesion Note=Autophosphorylation at Thr-207 promotes nuclear localization (By similarity). PEA15-binding redirects the biological outcome of MAPK3 kinase-signaling by sequestering MAPK3 into the cytoplasm (PubMed:11702783). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P27361, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11702783}

Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) - Images





Western blot analysis of lysates from mouse NIH/3T3,BA/F3,mouse C2C12,rat C6 cell line (from left to right),using Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AW5034). AW5034 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) (AW5034)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded mouse skeletal muscle followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.This data demonstrates the use of Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Involved in both the initiation and regulation of meiosis, mitosis, and postmitotic functions in differentiated cells by phosphorylating a number of transcription factors such as ELK-1. Phosphorylates EIF4EBP1; required for initiation of translation. Phosphorylates microtubule-associated protein 2 (MAP2) and heat shock factor protein 4 (HSF4) (By similarity). Phosphorylates SPZ1.

Mapk3 Antibody (C-term) - References

Chen, W., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 401(3):339-343(2010) Chandrakesan, P., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(43):33485-33498(2010)



Alter, B.J., et al. J. Neurosci. 30(34):11537-11547(2010) Spruce, T., et al. Dev. Cell 19(2):207-219(2010) Bremer, J., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (8), E12450 (2010) :