

SNCA Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AW5309**Specification**

SNCA Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	FC, WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	P37840
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Predicted	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	H=14,13;M=14;Rat=15 KDa
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source	HUMAN

SNCA Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 6622**Antigen Region**
92-125**Other Names**

Alpha-synuclein, Non-A beta component of AD amyloid, Non-A4 component of amyloid precursor, NACP, SNCA, NACP, PARK1

Dilution

FC~~1:25
WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:25

Target/Specificity

This SNCA antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 92-125 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human SNCA.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SNCA Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SNCA Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name SNCA**Synonyms** NACP, PARK1**Function**

Neuronal protein that plays several roles in synaptic activity such as regulation of synaptic vesicle trafficking and subsequent neurotransmitter release (PubMed:20798282, PubMed:26442590, PubMed:28288128, PubMed:30404828). Participates as a monomer in synaptic vesicle exocytosis by enhancing vesicle priming, fusion and dilation of exocytotic fusion pores (PubMed:28288128, PubMed:30404828). Mechanistically, acts by increasing local Ca(2+) release from microdomains which is essential for the enhancement of ATP-induced exocytosis (PubMed:30404828). Also acts as a molecular chaperone in its multimeric membrane-bound state, assisting in the folding of synaptic fusion components called SNAREs (Soluble NSF Attachment Protein REceptors) at presynaptic plasma membrane in conjunction with cysteine string protein-alpha/DNAJC5 (PubMed:20798282). This chaperone activity is important to sustain normal SNARE-complex assembly during aging (PubMed:20798282). Also plays a role in the regulation of the dopamine neurotransmission by associating with the dopamine transporter (DAT1) and thereby modulating its activity (PubMed:26442590).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Membrane Nucleus Synapse. Secreted. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O55042}. Note=Membrane-bound in dopaminergic neurons (PubMed:15282274). Expressed and colocalized with SEPTIN4 in dopaminergic axon terminals, especially at the varicosities (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O55042, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15282274}

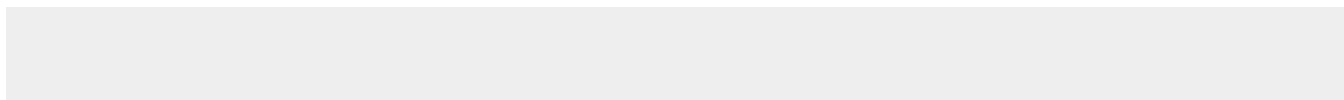
Tissue Location

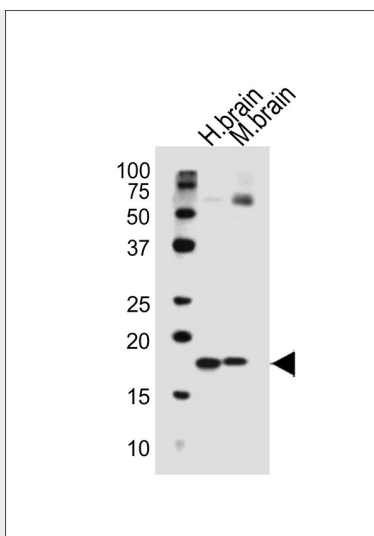
Highly expressed in presynaptic terminals in the central nervous system. Expressed principally in brain

SNCA Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

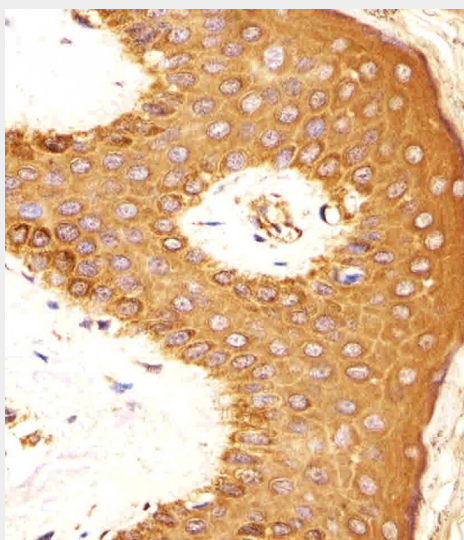
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

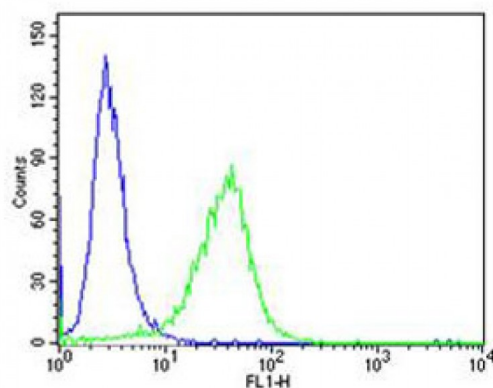
SNCA Antibody (C-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from human brain, mouse brain tissue lysate (from left to right), using SNCA Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AW5309). AW5309 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20ug per lane.



AW5309 staining SNCA in Human skin tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0.5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hours at 37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.



Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa cells using SNCA Antibody (C-term)(green, Cat#AW5309) compared to an isotype control of rabbit IgG(blue). AW5309 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. An Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

SNCA Antibody (C-term) - Background

May be involved in the regulation of dopamine release and transport. Induces fibrillization of microtubule-associated protein tau. Reduces neuronal responsiveness to various apoptotic stimuli, leading to a decreased caspase-3 activation.

SNCA Antibody (C-term) - References

Ueda K.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:11282-11286(1993).
Campion D.,et al.Genomics 26:254-257(1995).
Ueda K.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 205:1366-1372(1994).
Xia Y.,et al.Submitted (JAN-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Touchman J.W.,et al.Genome Res. 11:78-86(2001).