

AMACR Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP10110b

Specification

AMACR Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession Other Accession

<u>Q9UHK6</u> <u>NP 976316.1</u>

AMACR Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 23600

Other Names Alpha-methylacyl-CoA racemase, 2-methylacyl-CoA racemase, AMACR

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

AMACR Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name AMACR

Function

Catalyzes the interconversion of (R)- and (S)-stereoisomers of alpha-methyl-branched-chain fatty acyl-CoA esters (PubMed:7649182, PubMed:10655068, PubMed:10655068, PubMed:10655068, PubMed:1060359). Acts only on coenzyme A thioesters, not on free fatty acids, and accepts as substrates a wide range of alpha-methylacyl-CoAs, including pristanoyl-CoA, trihydroxycoprostanoyl-CoA (an intermediate in bile acid synthesis), and arylpropionic acids like the anti-inflammatory drug ibuprofen (2- (4-isobutylphenyl)propionic acid) but neither 3-methyl-branched nor linear-chain acyl-CoAs (PubMed:7649182, PubMed:10655068, PubMed:11060359).

Cellular Location Peroxisome. Mitochondrion



AMACR Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides

AMACR Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

AMACR Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

This gene encodes a racemase. The encoded enzymeinterconverts pristanoyl-CoA and C27-bile acylCoAs between their(R)- and (S)-stereoisomers. The conversion to the (S)-stereoisomersis necessary for degradation of these substrates by peroxisomalbeta-oxidation. Encoded proteins from this locus localize to bothmitochondria and peroxisomes. Mutations in this gene may beassociated with adult-onset sensorimotor neuropathy, pigmentaryretinopathy, and adrenomyeloneuropathy due to defects in bile acidsynthesis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have beendescribed.

AMACR Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Murray, N.P., et al. Oncol. Rep. 24(3):687-692(2010)Sonwalkar, S.A., et al. Histopathology 56(7):900-907(2010)Lakis, S., et al. World J. Gastroenterol. 16(20):2476-2483(2010)Chen, W., et al. Mol. Biol. Rep. 36(3):423-430(2009)Mubiru, J.N., et al. Gene 327(1):89-98(2004)