

Beta-actin Monoclonal Antibody (Ascites) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP1021a

Specification

Beta-actin Monoclonal Antibody (Ascites) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Other Accession

Q969F1, NP 612417.1

Beta-actin Monoclonal Antibody (Ascites) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AM1021a was selected from the Ascites region of human Beta-actin Monoclonal. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Beta-actin Monoclonal Antibody (Ascites) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Beta-actin Monoclonal Antibody (Ascites) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

Beta-actin Monoclonal Antibody (Ascites) Blocking Peptide - Images

Beta-actin Monoclonal Antibody (Ascites) Blocking Peptide - Background

beta-Actin is one of six different actin proteins. Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in cell motility, structure, and integrity. This actin is a major constituent of the contractile apparatus and one of the two nonmuscle cytoskeletal actins.

Beta-actin Monoclonal Antibody (Ascites) Blocking Peptide - References

Villebeck, L., Biochemistry 46 (44), 12639-12647 (2007) Avizienyte, E., Exp. Cell Res. 313 (15), 3175-3188 (2007) Bouldin, A.A., Muscle Nerve 35 (2), 254-258 (2007)