

# AASS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP11094b

# **Specification**

### AASS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

**Primary Accession** 

**Q9UDR5** 

### AASS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 10157** 

#### **Other Names**

Alpha-aminoadipic semialdehyde synthase, mitochondrial, LKR/SDH, Lysine ketoglutarate reductase, LKR, LOR, Saccharopine dehydrogenase, SDH, AASS

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### AASS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name AASS (HGNC:17366)

### **Function**

Bifunctional enzyme that catalyzes the first two steps in lysine degradation.

## **Cellular Location**

Mitochondrion.

## **Tissue Location**

Expressed in all 16 tissues examined with highest expression in the liver

# AASS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

#### • Blocking Peptides

# AASS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images



# AASS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

This gene encodes a bifunctional enzyme that catalyzes thefirst two steps in the mammalian lysine degradation pathway. TheN-terminal and the C-terminal portions of this enzyme containlysine-ketoglutarate reductase and saccharopine dehydrogenaseactivity, respectively, resulting in the conversion of lysine toalpha-aminoadipic semialdehyde. Mutations in this gene areassociated with familial hyperlysinemia.

# AASS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Sacksteder, K.A., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 66(6):1736-1743(2000)Papes, F., et al. Biochem. J. 344 PT 2, 555-563 (1999) :