

**GCDH Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP12905b****Specification**

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**GCDH Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q92947](#)**GCDH Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 2639**Other Names**

Glutaryl-CoA dehydrogenase, mitochondrial, GCD, GCDH

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**GCDH Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information****Name** GCDH**Function**

Catalyzes the oxidative decarboxylation of glutaryl-CoA to crotonyl-CoA and CO(2) in the degradative pathway of L-lysine, L- hydroxylysine, and L-tryptophan metabolism. It uses electron transfer flavoprotein as its electron acceptor. Isoform Short is inactive.

**Cellular Location**

Mitochondrion matrix.

**Tissue Location**

Isoform Long and isoform Short are expressed in fibroblasts and liver

**GCDH Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

**GCDH Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images**

### **GCDH Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family. It catalyzes the oxidative decarboxylation of glutaryl-CoA to crotonyl-CoA and CO(2) in the degradative pathway of L-lysine, L-hydroxylysine, and L-tryptophan metabolism. It uses electron transfer flavoprotein as its electron acceptor. The enzyme exists in the mitochondrial matrix as a homotetramer of 45-kDa subunits. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.

### **GCDH Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References**

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Park, J.D., et al. J. Korean Med. Sci. 25(6):957-960(2010) Strauss, K.A., et al. Brain 133 (PT 1), 76-92 (2010) Talmud, P.J., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 85(5):628-642(2009) Ganesh, S.K., et al. Nat. Genet. 41(11):1191-1198(2009)