

# WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP13314a

### **Specification**

### WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

**09Y4P8** 

# WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 26100** 

#### **Other Names**

WD repeat domain phosphoinositide-interacting protein 2, WIPI-2, WIPI49-like protein 2, WIPI2

#### Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP13314a was selected from the N-term region of WIPI2. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

## **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name WIPI2 (HGNC:32225)

#### **Function**

Component of the autophagy machinery that controls the major intracellular degradation process by which cytoplasmic materials are packaged into autophagosomes and delivered to lysosomes for degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20505359" target="\_blank">20505359</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28561066" target="\_blank">28561066</a>). Involved in an early step of the formation of preautophagosomal structures (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20505359" target="\_blank">20505359</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28561066" target="\_blank">28561066</a>). Binds and is activated by phosphatidylinositol 3- phosphate (PtdIns3P) forming on membranes of the endoplasmic reticulum upon activation of the upstream ULK1 and PI3 kinases (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28561066" target="\_blank">28561066</a>). Mediates ER-isolation membranes contacts by interacting with the ULK1:RB1CC1 complex and PtdIns3P (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28890335" target=" blank">28890335</a>). Once



activated, WIPI2 recruits at phagophore assembly sites the ATG12-ATG5-ATG16L1 complex that directly controls the elongation of the nascent autophagosomal membrane (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20505359" target="\_blank">20505359</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28561066" target="\_blank">28561066</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Preautophagosomal structure membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Localizes to omegasomes membranes which are endoplasmic reticulum connected structures at the origin of preautophagosomal structures. Enriched at preautophagosomal structure membranes in response to PtdIns3P.

#### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitously expressed (at protein level). Highly expressed in heart, skeletal muscle and pancreas. Expression is down- regulated in pancreatic and in kidney tumors

### WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### Blocking Peptides

WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Images

#### WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Background

WD40 repeat proteins are key components of many essentialbiologic functions. They regulate the assembly of multiproteincomplexes by presenting a beta-propeller platform for simultaneousand reversible protein-protein interactions. Members of the WIPIsubfamily of WD40 repeat proteins, such as WIPI2, have a 7-bladedpropeller structure and contain a conserved motif for interactionwith phospholipids (Proikas-Cezanne et al., 2004 [PubMed15602573]).

## WIPI2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - References

Sugiyama, N., et al. Mol. Cell Proteomics 6(6):1103-1109(2007)Proikas-Cezanne, T., et al. Oncogene 23(58):9314-9325(2004)Simpson, J.C., et al. EMBO Rep. 1(3):287-292(2000)