

# MOSPD2 Antibody (N-term ) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP13323a

# **Specification**

## MOSPD2 Antibody (N-term ) Blocking peptide - Product Information

**Primary Accession** 

**Q8NHP6** 

# MOSPD2 Antibody (N-term ) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 158747** 

#### **Other Names**

Motile sperm domain-containing protein 2, MOSPD2

## Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP13323a was selected from the N-term region of MOSPD2. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

# **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# MOSPD2 Antibody (N-term ) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

#### Name MOSPD2 (HGNC:28381)

#### **Function**

Endoplasmic reticulum-anchored protein that mediates the formation of contact sites between the endoplasmic (ER) and endosomes, mitochondria or Golgi through interaction with conventional-and phosphorylated-FFAT-containing organelle-bound proteins (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29858488" target="\_blank">29858488</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35389430" target="\_blank">35389430</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33124732" target="\_blank">35389430</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33124732" target="\_blank">33124732</a>). In addition, forms endoplasmic reticulum (ER)-lipid droplets (LDs) contacts through a direct protein-membrane interaction and participates in LDs homeostasis (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35389430" target="\_blank">35389430</a>). The attachment mechanism involves an amphipathic helix that has an affinity for lipid packing defects present at the surface of LDs (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35389430" target="\_blank">35389430</a>). Promotes migration of primary monocytes and neutrophils, in response to various chemokines (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28137892"



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target=" blank">28137892</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type IV membrane protein. Note=Localization to contact sites involving the endoplasmic reticulum and several organelles is regulated by interaction with proteins containing FFAT motif (PubMed:29858488) Dynamically distributes between specific subdomains of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER): ER membranes in contact with lipid droplets (LDs) and the remainder of the ER (PubMed:35389430)

# **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in CD14(+) monocytes, and at lower levels in neutrophils. Does not show significant expression in B-cells or T-cells.

# MOSPD2 Antibody (N-term ) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

#### • Blocking Peptides

MOSPD2 Antibody (N-term ) Blocking peptide - Images

MOSPD2 Antibody (N-term ) Blocking peptide - Background

The specific function of this protein remains unknown.

MOSPD2 Antibody (N-term ) Blocking peptide - References

Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006)Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006)