

**FZD5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP14210b****Specification**

---

**FZD5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q13467](#)**FZD5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 7855**Other Names**

Frizzled-5, Fz-5, hFz5, FzE5, FZD5, C2orf31

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**FZD5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information****Name** FZD5**Synonyms** C2orf31**Function**

Receptor for Wnt proteins (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9054360" target="\_blank">9054360</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10097073" target="\_blank">10097073</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20530549" target="\_blank">20530549</a>). Can activate WNT2, WNT10B, WNT5A, but not WNT2B or WNT4 (in vitro); the in vivo situation may be different since not all of these are known to be coexpressed (By similarity). In neurons, activation of WNT7A promotes formation of synapses (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20530549" target="\_blank">20530549</a>). Functions in the canonical Wnt/beta-catenin signaling pathway. The canonical Wnt/beta-catenin signaling pathway leads to the activation of disheveled proteins, inhibition of GSK-3 kinase, nuclear accumulation of beta-catenin and activation of Wnt target genes (By similarity). A second signaling pathway involving PKC and calcium fluxes has been seen for some family members, but it is not yet clear if it represents a distinct pathway or if it can be integrated in the canonical pathway, as PKC seems to be required for Wnt-mediated inactivation of GSK-3 kinase. Both pathways seem to involve interactions with G-proteins. May be involved in transduction and intercellular transmission of polarity information during tissue morphogenesis and/or in differentiated tissues (Probable). Plays a role in yolk sac angiogenesis and in placental vascularization (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CHL0}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CHL0}. Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9EQD0}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9EQD0}. Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CHL0}. Perikaryon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CHL0}. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CHL0}. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CHL0}. Note=Localized at the plasma membrane and also found at the Golgi. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9EQD0}

**FZD5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

**FZD5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images****FZD5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

Members of the 'frizzled' gene family encode 7-transmembrane domain proteins that are receptors for Wnt signaling proteins. The FZD5 protein is believed to be the receptor for the Wnt5A ligand.

**FZD5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References**

Moller, M., et al. BMC Infect. Dis. 10, 154 (2010) ; Yerges, L.M., et al. J. Bone Miner. Res. 24(12):2039-2049(2009) Terabayashi, T., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(39):26716-26724(2009) Kim, J.G., et al. J. Korean Med. Sci. 24(3):443-447(2009) Lin, Z., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 283(48):33053-33058(2008)