

# SEMG1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP14543a

# **Specification**

# SEMG1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P04279

# SEMG1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 6406** 

#### **Other Names**

Semenogelin-1, Semenogelin I, SGI, Alpha-inhibin-92, Alpha-inhibin-31, Seminal basic protein, SEMG1, SEMG

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

# **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# SEMG1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name SEMG1

**Synonyms SEMG** 

### **Function**

Predominant protein in semen. It participates in the formation of a gel matrix entrapping the accessory gland secretions and ejaculated spermatozoa. Fragments of semenogelin and/or fragments of the related proteins may contribute to the activation of progressive sperm movements as the gel-forming proteins are fragmented by KLK3/PSA.

### **Cellular Location**

Secreted.

# **Tissue Location**

Seminal vesicle.

### SEMG1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

# • Blocking Peptides

# SEMG1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

# SEMG1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is the predominant protein in semen. The encoded secreted protein is involved in the formation of a gel matrix that encases ejaculated spermatozoa. The protein antigen (PSA) protease processes this protein into smaller peptides, with each possibly having a separate function. The proteolysis process breaks down the gel matrix and allows the spermatozoa to move more freely.

# SEMG1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Mitra, A., et al. Biol. Reprod. 82(3):489-496(2010)Yoshida, K., et al. Cell Motil. Cytoskeleton 66(2):99-108(2009)Ahmed, S.U., et al. Cytotherapy 11(2):238-244(2009)Edstrom, A.M., et al. J. Immunol. 181(5):3413-3421(2008)Emami, N., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 283(28):19561-19569(2008)