

HSD3B1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP14585a

Specification

HSD3B1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P14060

HSD3B1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 3283

Other Names

3 beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase/Delta 5-->4-isomerase type 1, 3 beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase/Delta 5-->4-isomerase type I, 3-beta-HSD I, Trophoblast antigen FDO161G, 3-beta-hydroxy-Delta(5)-steroid dehydrogenase, 3-beta-hydroxy-5-ene steroid dehydrogenase, Progesterone reductase, Steroid Delta-isomerase, Delta-5-3-ketosteroid isomerase, HSD3B1, 3BH, HSDB3A

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HSD3B1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name HSD3B1 (HGNC:5217)

Synonyms 3BH, HSDB3A

Function

A bifunctional enzyme responsible for the oxidation and isomerization of 3beta-hydroxy-Delta(5)-steroid precursors to 3-oxo- Delta(4)-steroids, an essential step in steroid hormone biosynthesis. Specifically catalyzes the conversion of pregnenolone to progesterone, 17alpha-hydroxypregnenolone to 17alpha-hydroxyprogesterone, dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) to 4-androstenedione, and androstenediol to testosterone. Additionally, catalyzes the interconversion between 3beta-hydroxy and 3-oxo-5alpha-androstane steroids controlling the bioavalability of the active forms. Specifically converts dihydrotestosterone to its inactive form 5alpha-androstanediol, that does not bind androgen receptor/AR. Also converts androstanedione, a precursor of testosterone and estrone, to epiandrosterone (PubMed:1401999, PubMed:2139411/a>). Expected to use NAD(+) as preferred electron donor for the 3beta-hydroxy-steroid dehydrogenase activity and



NADPH for the 3-ketosteroid reductase activity (Probable).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Placenta and skin (PubMed:1401999). Predominantly expressed in mammary gland tissue.

HSD3B1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

HSD3B1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

HSD3B1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

3-beta-HSD is a bifunctional enzyme, that catalyzes the oxidative conversion of Delta(5)-ene-3-beta-hydroxy steroid, and the oxidative conversion of ketosteroids. The 3-beta-HSD enzymatic system plays a crucial role in the biosynthesis of all classes of hormonal steroids. Efficiently catalyzes the transformation of pregnenolone to progesterone, 17-alpha-hydroxypregnenolone to 17-alpha-hydroxyprogesterone, DHEA to 4-androstenedione, dihydrotestosterone to 5-alpha-androstane-3 beta,17 beta-diol, dehydroepiandrosterone to androstenedione and 5-alpha-androstan-3 beta,17 beta-diol to 5-alpha-dihydrotestosterone.

HSD3B1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Canzian, F., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 19(19):3873-3884(2010)Shimodaira, M., et al. Eur. J. Endocrinol. 163(4):671-680(2010)Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)Liu, C.Y., et al. Carcinogenesis 31(7):1259-1263(2010)Thomas, J.L., et al. J. Steroid Biochem. Mol. Biol. 120 (4-5), 192-199 (2010):