

## OR1D2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP16747b

## **Specification**

## OR1D2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P34982

# OR1D2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 4991** 

#### **Other Names**

Olfactory receptor 1D2, Olfactory receptor 17-4, OR17-4, Olfactory receptor OR17-6, Olfactory receptor-like protein HGMP07E, OR1D2, OLFR1

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

## **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## OR1D2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name OR1D2

Synonyms OLFR1

## **Function**

Odorant receptor which may be involved in sperm chemotaxis. Bourgeonal is a strong chemoattractant for sperm in vitro and is shown to be a strong agonist for OR1D2 in vitro. May also function in olfactory reception.

## **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=In spermatazoa is localized in the midpiece and is translocated to the head region upon receptor stimulation with bourgeonal

## **Tissue Location**

Expressed in testis. Expressed in spermatozoa (at protein level). Expressed in olfactory epithelium

## OR1D2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

## • Blocking Peptides

## OR1D2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

# OR1D2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in thenose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a largefamily of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from singlecoding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembranedomain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptorsand are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediatedtransduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to theolfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism isindependent of other organisms.

# OR1D2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Neuhaus, E.M., et al. J. Cell. Sci. 119 (PT 15), 3047-3056 (2006) :Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)Spehr, M., et al. Science 299(5615):2054-2058(2003)Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002)Glusman, G., et al. Genomics 63(2):227-245(2000)