

## SH3BP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP16942c

### **Specification**

### SH3BP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

**Q9Y3L3** 

## SH3BP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 23616** 

#### **Other Names**

SH3 domain-binding protein 1, 3BP-1, SH3BP1

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## SH3BP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name SH3BP1 (HGNC:10824)

#### **Function**

GTPase activating protein (GAP) which specifically converts GTP-bound Rho-type GTPases including RAC1 and CDC42 in their inactive GDP-bound form. By specifically inactivating RAC1 at the leading edge of migrating cells, it regulates the spatiotemporal organization of cell protrusions which is important for proper cell migration (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21658605" target="\_blank">21658605</a>). Also negatively regulates CDC42 in the process of actin remodeling and the formation of epithelial cell junctions (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22891260"

target="\_blank">22891260</a>). Through its GAP activity toward RAC1 and/or CDC42 plays a specific role in phagocytosis of large particles. Specifically recruited by a PI3

kinase/PI3K-dependent mechanism to sites of large particles engagement, inactivates RAC1 and/or CDC42 allowing the reorganization of the underlying actin cytoskeleton required for engulfment (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26465210" target="\_blank">26465210</a>). It also plays a role in angiogenesis and the process of repulsive guidance as part of a semaphorin-plexin signaling pathway. Following the binding of PLXND1 to extracellular SEMA3E it dissociates from PLXND1 and inactivates RAC1, inducing the intracellular reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and the collapse of cells (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24841563" target="\_blank">24841563</a>).



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## **Cellular Location**

Cell projection. Cell junction, tight junction. Cell junction, adherens junction. Cell projection, phagocytic cup. Nucleus Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=Localizes at the leading edge of migrating cells (PubMed:21658605, PubMed:24841563) Accumulation at forming phagocytic cups is PI3 kinase/PI3K-dependent and is specific for sites of large particles engagement and their phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-triphosphate membrane content (PubMed:26465210).

## SH3BP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

## • Blocking Peptides

SH3BP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

## SH3BP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

SH3BP1 binds differentially to the SH3 domains of certain proteins of signal transduction pathways. This protein binds preferentially to the ABL1 proto-oncogene, SRC and GRB2. Shows GAP activity for Rac-related proteins but not for Rho-or Ras-related proteins. It inhibits PDGF-induced membrane ruffling mediated by Rac (By similarity).

# SH3BP1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Collins, J.E., et al. Genome Biol. 5 (10), R84 (2004) :Scott, M.P., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 277(31):28238-28246(2002)Dunham, I., et al. Nature 402(6761):489-495(1999)