

MTIF2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP16956a

Specification

MTIF2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession [P46199](#)

MTIF2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 4528

Other Names

Translation initiation factor IF-2, mitochondrial, IF-2(Mt), IF-2Mt, IF2(mt), MTIF2

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MTIF2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name MTIF2

Function

One of the essential components for the initiation of protein synthesis. Protects formylmethionyl-tRNA from spontaneous hydrolysis and promotes its binding to the 30S ribosomal subunits. Also involved in the hydrolysis of GTP during the formation of the 70S ribosomal complex.

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion.

Tissue Location

Expressed in all tissues examined. Highest level in skeletal muscle

MTIF2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

MTIF2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images**MTIF2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

During the initiation of protein biosynthesis, initiationfactor-2 (IF-2) promotes the binding of the initiator tRNA to the small subunit of the ribosome in a GTP-dependent manner. Prokaryotic IF-2 is a single polypeptide, while eukaryotic cytoplasmic IF-2 (eIF-2) is a trimeric protein. Bovine liver mitochondria contain IF-2(mt), an 85-kD monomeric protein that is equivalent to prokaryotic IF-2. The predicted 727-amino acid human protein contains a 29-amino acid presequence. Human IF-2(mt) shares 32 to 38% amino acid sequence identity with yeast IF-2(mt) and several prokaryotic IF-2s, with the greatest degree of conservation in the G domains of the proteins. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq].

MTIF2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Dick, D.M., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. (2010) In press :Reiling, E., et al. Eur. J. Hum. Genet. 17(8):1056-1062(2009) Miura, E., et al. Plant Cell 19(4):1313-1328(2007) Bouwmeester, T., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 6(2):97-105(2004) Overman, R.G. Jr., et al. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1628(3):195-205(2003)