

**CENPO Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP17884a****Specification**

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**CENPO Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q9BU64](#)**CENPO Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 79172**Other Names**

Centromere protein O, CENP-O, Interphase centromere complex protein 36, CENPO, ICEN36, MCM21R

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**CENPO Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information****Name** CENPO**Synonyms** ICEN36, MCM21R**Function**

Component of the CENPA-CAD (nucleosome distal) complex, a complex recruited to centromeres which is involved in assembly of kinetochore proteins, mitotic progression and chromosome segregation. May be involved in incorporation of newly synthesized CENPA into centromeres via its interaction with the CENPA-NAC complex. Modulates the kinetochore-bound levels of NDC80 complex.

**Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome, centromere. Chromosome, centromere, kinetochore. Note=The CENPA-CAD complex is probably recruited on centromeres by the CENPA-NAC complex

**CENPO Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### **CENPO Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images**

### **CENPO Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

CENPO is a subunit of a CENPH (MIM 605607)-CENPI (MIM300065)-associated centromeric complex that targets CENPA (MIM117139) to centromeres and is required for proper kinetochore function and mitotic progression (Okada et al., 2006 [PubMed16622420]).

### **CENPO Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References**

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :Xin, X., et al. Genome Res. 19(7):1262-1269(2009)Saito, A., et al. J. Rheumatol. 36(4):781-786(2009)Lamesch, P., et al. Genomics 89(3):307-315(2007)Izuta, H., et al. Genes Cells 11(6):673-684(2006)