

ACCN5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP17951b

Specification

ACCN5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

Q9NY37

ACCN5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 51802

Other Names

Acid-sensing ion channel 5, ASIC5, Amiloride-sensitive cation channel 5, Human intestine Na(+) channel, HINaC, ASIC5, ACCN5, HINAC

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ACCN5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name ASIC5 (HGNC:17537)

Function

Forms bile acid-gated sodium channels and may play a role in bile acid-dependent absorption and secretion by epithelial cells of the bile ducts (PubMed:10767424, PubMed:22735174). Displays high selectivity for sodium ions but can also permit the permeation of other cations (Probable). The gating could be indirect and the consequence of alterations of the membrane environment of the channel by bile acids (By similarity). As a sodium channel of type II unipolar brush cells of the vestibulocerebellum, controlling the electrical activity of these cells, could play a role in motor coordination and balance (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Apical cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9R0W5}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Detected in small intestine, duodenum and jejunum. Detected at very low levels in testis and rectum



ACCN5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

ACCN5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

ACCN5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

This gene belongs to the amiloride-sensitive Na+ channeland degenerin (NaC/DEG) family, members of which have beenidentified in many animal species ranging from the nematode tohuman. The amiloride-sensitive Na(+) channel encoded by this geneis primarily expressed in the small intestine, however, its exactfunction is not known.

ACCN5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Schaefer, L., et al. FEBS Lett. 471 (2-3), 205-210 (2000) :