

SIRT4 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP18208a

Specification

SIRT4 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

Q9Y6E7

SIRT4 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 23409

Other Names

NAD-dependent protein deacetylase sirtuin-4 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03161}, 351-{ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03161}, NAD-dependent ADP-ribosyltransferase sirtuin-4 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03161}, 242- {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03161}, Regulatory protein SIR2 homolog 4 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03161}, SIR2-like protein 4 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03161}, SIR2L4

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SIRT4 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name SIRT4 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03161, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:14932}

Function

Acts as a NAD-dependent protein lipoamidase, biotinylase, deacetylase and ADP-ribosyl transferase (PubMed:16959573, PubMed:17715127, PubMed:24052263, PubMed:25525879). Catalyzes more efficiently removal of lipoyl- and biotinyl- than acetyl-lysine modifications (PubMed:24052263, PubMed:25525879, PubMed:25525879). Inhibits the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex (PDH) activity via the enzymatic hydrolysis of the lipoamide cofactor from the E2 component, DLAT, in a phosphorylation-independent manner (PubMed:25525879). Catalyzes

the transfer of ADP-ribosyl groups onto target proteins, including mitochondrial GLUD1, inhibiting

GLUD1 enzyme activity (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16959573"



target=" blank">16959573, PubMed:17715127). Acts as a negative regulator of mitochondrial glutamine metabolism by mediating mono ADP-ribosylation of GLUD1: expressed in response to DNA damage and negatively regulates anaplerosis by inhibiting GLUD1, leading to block metabolism of glutamine into tricarboxylic acid cycle and promoting cell cycle arrest (PubMed: 16959573, PubMed:17715127). In response to mTORC1 signal, SIRT4 expression is repressed, promoting anaplerosis and cell proliferation (PubMed:23663782). Acts as a tumor suppressor (PubMed:23562301, PubMed:23663782). Also acts as a NAD-dependent protein deacetylase: mediates deacetylation of 'Lys-471' of MLYCD, inhibiting its activity, thereby acting as a regulator of lipid homeostasis (By similarity). Does not seem to deacetylate PC (PubMed: 23438705). Controls fatty acid oxidation by inhibiting PPARA transcriptional activation (PubMed: 24043310). Impairs SIRT1-PPARA interaction probably through the regulation of NAD(+) levels (PubMed:24043310). Down-regulates insulin secretion (PubMed: 17715127).

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion matrix {ECO:0000255|HAMAP- Rule:MF_03161, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16079181, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16959573, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17715127}

Tissue Location

Detected in vascular smooth muscle and striated muscle. Detected in insulin-producing beta-cells in pancreas islets of Langerhans (at protein level). Widely expressed. Weakly expressed in leukocytes and fetal thymus.

SIRT4 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

SIRT4 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

SIRT4 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

This gene encodes a member of the sirtuin family ofproteins, homologs to the yeast Sir2 protein. Members of thesirtuin family are characterized by a sirtuin core domain andgrouped into four classes. The functions of human sirtuins have notyet been determined; however, yeast sirtuin proteins are known toregulate epigenetic gene silencing and suppress recombination ofrDNA. Studies suggest that the human sirtuins may function asintracellular regulatory proteins with mono-ADP-ribosyltransferaseactivity. The protein encoded by this gene is included in class IVof the sirtuin family.

SIRT4 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Reiling, E., et al. Eur. J. Hum. Genet. 17(8):1056-1062(2009)Ahuja, N., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 282(46):33583-33592(2007)Yamamoto, H., et al. Mol. Endocrinol. 21(8):1745-1755(2007)Haigis, M.C., et al. Cell 126(5):941-954(2006)Scherer, S.E., et al. Nature 440(7082):346-351(2006)