

**CAMSAP3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP18323a****Specification**

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**CAMSAP3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q9P1Y5](#)**CAMSAP3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 57662

**Other Names**

Calmodulin-regulated spectrin-associated protein 3, Protein Nezha, CAMSAP3, KIAA1543

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**CAMSAP3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name CAMSAP3 ([HGNC:29307](#))**Function**

Key microtubule-organizing protein that specifically binds the minus-end of non-centrosomal microtubules and regulates their dynamics and organization (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19041755" target="\_blank">19041755</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23169647" target="\_blank">23169647</a>). Specifically recognizes growing microtubule minus-ends and autonomously decorates and stabilizes microtubule lattice formed by microtubule minus-end polymerization (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24486153" target="\_blank">24486153</a>). Acts on free microtubule minus-ends that are not capped by microtubule-nucleating proteins or other factors and protects microtubule minus-ends from depolymerization (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24486153" target="\_blank">24486153</a>). In addition, it also reduces the velocity of microtubule polymerization (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24486153" target="\_blank">24486153</a>). Required for the biogenesis and the maintenance of zonula adherens by anchoring the minus-end of microtubules to zonula adherens and by recruiting the kinesin KIFC3 to those junctional sites (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19041755" target="\_blank">19041755</a>). Required for orienting the apical-to-basal polarity of microtubules in epithelial cells: acts by tethering non-centrosomal microtubules to the apical cortex, leading to their longitudinal orientation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27802168" target="\_blank">27802168</a>).

target="\_blank">27802168</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26715742" target="\_blank">26715742</a>). Plays a key role in early embryos, which lack centrosomes: accumulates at the microtubule bridges that connect pairs of cells and enables the formation of a non-centrosomal microtubule-organizing center that directs intracellular transport in the early embryo (By similarity). Couples non-centrosomal microtubules with actin: interaction with MACF1 at the minus ends of non-centrosomal microtubules, tethers the microtubules to actin filaments, regulating focal adhesion size and cell migration (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27693509" target="\_blank">27693509</a>). Plays a key role in the generation of non-centrosomal microtubules by accumulating in the pericentrosomal region and cooperating with KATNA1 to release non-centrosomal microtubules from the centrosome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28386021" target="\_blank">28386021</a>). Through the microtubule cytoskeleton, also regulates the organization of cellular organelles including the Golgi and the early endosomes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28089391" target="\_blank">28089391</a>). Through interaction with AKAP9, involved in translocation of Golgi vesicles in epithelial cells, where microtubules are mainly non-centrosomal (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28089391" target="\_blank">28089391</a>). Plays an important role in motile cilia function by facilitating proper orientation of basal bodies and formation of central microtubule pairs in motile cilia (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell junction, adherens junction. Cytoplasm Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium axoneme {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q80VC9} Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q80VC9}. Note=Scattered in the cytoplasm, associated with the minus-end of microtubules and also detected at the centrosomes (PubMed:19041755, PubMed:24486153, PubMed:27693509) Decorates the minus-end of microtubules by decreasing the rate of tubulin incorporation and remaining bound (PubMed:24486153). Localizes along zonula adherens only at mature cell-cell contacts (PubMed:19041755). In early embryos, accumulates at the microtubule bridges that connect pairs of cells: this structure is present in early embryos, which lack centrosomes (By similarity). This cytokinetic bridge does not undergo stereotypical abscission after cell division (By similarity). Accumulates to the pericentrosomal region following interaction with KATNA1 (PubMed:28386021) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q80VC9, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19041755, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24486153, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27693509, ECO:0000269|PubMed:28386021}

### CAMSAP3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### CAMSAP3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

### CAMSAP3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Microtubule minus-end binding protein that acts as a regulator of microtubule dynamics. Specifically required for zonula adherens biogenesis and maintenance by anchoring microtubules at their minus-ends to zonula adherens, leading to recruit KIFC3 kinesin to junctional site.

### CAMSAP3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Meng, W., et al. Cell 135(5):948-959(2008) Akhmanova, A., et al. Cell 135(5):791-793(2008) Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006) Beausoleil, S.A., et al. Nat. Biotechnol. 24(10):1285-1292(2006) Beausoleil, S.A., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(33):12130-12135(2004)