

CD1B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide Synthetic peptide

Catalog # BP18475a

Specification

CD1B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>P29016</u>

CD1B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 910

Other Names T-cell surface glycoprotein CD1b, CD1b, CD1B

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CD1B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name CD1B

Function

Antigen-presenting protein that binds self and non-self lipid and glycolipid antigens and presents them to T-cell receptors on natural killer T-cells.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Lysosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Subject to intracellular trafficking between the cell membrane, endosomes and lysosomes.

Tissue Location Expressed on cortical thymocytes, on certain T-cell leukemias, and in various other tissues

CD1B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides



CD1B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

CD1B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

This gene encodes a member of the CD1 family oftransmembrane glycoproteins, which are structurally related to themajor histocompatibility complex (MHC) proteins and formheterodimers with beta-2-microglobulin. The CD1 proteins mediatethe presentation of primarily lipid and glycolipid antigens of selfor microbial origin to T cells. The human genome contains five CD1family genes organized in a cluster on chromosome 1. The CD1 familymembers are thought to differ in their cellular localization andspecificity for particular lipid ligands. The protein encoded bythis gene localizes to late endosomes and lysosomes via atyrosine-based motif in the cytoplasmic tail, and requiresvesicular acidification to bind lipid antigens. [provided byRefSeq].

CD1B Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Davila, S., et al. Genes Immun. 11(3):232-238(2010)Felio, K., et al. J. Exp. Med. 206(11):2497-2509(2009)Guiard, J., et al. J. Immunol. 182(11):7030-7037(2009)Cui, Y., et al. Biol. Direct 4, 47 (2009) :Zajonc, D.M., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 105(46):17925-17930(2008)