

IKKB Antibody (C-term S670/S672) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP18900b**Specification**

IKKB Antibody (C-term S670/S672) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [O14920](#)**IKKB Antibody (C-term S670/S672) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 3551

Other Names

Inhibitor of nuclear factor kappa-B kinase subunit beta, I-kappa-B-kinase beta, IKK-B, IKK-beta, IKBKB, I-kappa-B kinase 2, IKK2, Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B inhibitor kinase beta, NFKBIKB, IKBKB, IKKB

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

IKKB Antibody (C-term S670/S672) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name IKBKB

Synonyms IKKB

Function

Serine kinase that plays an essential role in the NF-kappa-B signaling pathway which is activated by multiple stimuli such as inflammatory cytokines, bacterial or viral products, DNA damages or other cellular stresses (PubMed: [20434986](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20434986), PubMed: [20797629](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20797629), PubMed: [21138416](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21138416), PubMed: [9346484](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9346484), PubMed: [30337470](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30337470)). Acts as a part of the canonical IKK complex in the conventional pathway of NF-kappa-B activation (PubMed: [9346484](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9346484)). Phosphorylates inhibitors of NF-kappa-B on 2 critical serine residues (PubMed: [9346484](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9346484), PubMed: [20434986](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20434986), PubMed: [20797629](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20797629), PubMed: [21138416](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21138416)).

target="_blank">21138416). These modifications allow polyubiquitination of the inhibitors and subsequent degradation by the proteasome (PubMed:9346484, PubMed:20434986, PubMed:20797629, PubMed:21138416). In turn, free NF-kappa-B is translocated into the nucleus and activates the transcription of hundreds of genes involved in immune response, growth control, or protection against apoptosis (PubMed:9346484, PubMed:20434986, PubMed:20797629, PubMed:21138416). In addition to the NF-kappa-B inhibitors, phosphorylates several other components of the signaling pathway including NEMO/IKBKG, NF-kappa-B subunits RELA and NFkB1, as well as IKK-related kinases TBK1 and IKKBE (PubMed:11297557, PubMed:14673179, PubMed:20410276, PubMed:21138416). IKK-related kinase phosphorylations may prevent the overproduction of inflammatory mediators since they exert a negative regulation on canonical IKKs (PubMed:11297557, PubMed:20410276, PubMed:21138416). Phosphorylates FOXO3, mediating the TNF-dependent inactivation of this pro-apoptotic transcription factor (PubMed:15084260). Also phosphorylates other substrates including NAA10, NCOA3, BCL10 and IRS1 (PubMed:19716809, PubMed:17213322). Phosphorylates RIPK1 at 'Ser-25' which represses its kinase activity and consequently prevents TNF- mediated RIPK1-dependent cell death (By similarity). Phosphorylates the C-terminus of IRF5, stimulating IRF5 homodimerization and translocation into the nucleus (PubMed:25326418).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane raft. Note=Colocalized with DPP4 in membrane rafts.

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testis and peripheral blood

IKKB Antibody (C-term S670/S672) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

IKKB Antibody (C-term S670/S672) Blocking Peptide - Images

IKKB Antibody (C-term S670/S672) Blocking Peptide - Background

NFkB1 (MIM 164011) or NFkB2 (MIM 164012) is bound to REL(MIM 164910), RELA (MIM 164014), or RELB (MIM 604758) to form theNFkB complex. The NFkB complex is inhibited by I-kappa-B proteins(NFkBIA, MIM 164008, or NFkBIB, MIM 604495), which inactivateNF-kappa-B by trapping it in the cytoplasm. Phosphorylation ofserine residues on the I-kappa-B proteins by kinases (IKBKA, MIM600664, or IKBKB) marks them for destruction via the ubiquitinationpathway, thereby allowing activation of the NF-kappa-B complex.Activated NFkB complex translocates into the nucleus and

binds DNA at kappa-B-binding motifs such as 5-prime GGGRNNYYCC 3-prime or 5-prime HGGARNYYCC 3-prime (where H is A, C, or T; R is an A or G purine; and Y is a C or T pyrimidine).

IKKB Antibody (C-term S670/S672) Blocking Peptide - References

Yatherajam, G., et al. J. Immunol. 185(5):2665-2669(2010) Kenneth, N.S., et al. EMBO J. 29(17):2966-2978(2010) Zhao, M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(32):24372-24380(2010) Niida, M., et al. Mol. Immunol. 47(14):2378-2387(2010) Schuurhof, A., et al. Pediatr. Pulmonol. 45(6):608-613(2010)