

CALB2/CR Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP18925b**Specification**

CALB2/CR Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [P22676](#)**CALB2/CR Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 794**Other Names**

Calretinin, CR, 29 kDa calbindin, CALB2, CAB29

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CALB2/CR Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** CALB2**Synonyms** CAB29**Function**

Calretinin is a calcium-binding protein which is abundant in auditory neurons.

Tissue Location

Brain.

CALB2/CR Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

CALB2/CR Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images**CALB2/CR Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

This gene encodes an intracellular calcium-binding protein belonging to the troponin C superfamily. Members of this protein family have six EF-hand domains which bind calcium. This protein plays a role in diverse cellular functions, including message targeting and intracellular calcium buffering. It also functions as a modulator of neuronal excitability, and is a diagnostic marker for some human diseases, including Hirschsprung disease and some cancers. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

CALB2/CR Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Toth, K., et al. Brain 133(9):2763-2777(2010) Iio, K., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 393(4):565-570(2010) Raiko, I., et al. BMC Cancer 10, 242 (2010) :Melotti, A., et al. BMC Cancer 10, 54 (2010) :Schwaller, B., et al. Eur. J. Biochem. 230(2):424-430(1995)