

RLN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP19181b**Specification**

RLN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession [P04090](#)

RLN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 6019

Other Names

Prorelaxin H2, Relaxin B chain, Relaxin A chain, RLN2

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RLN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name RLN2

Function

Relaxin is an ovarian hormone that acts with estrogen to produce dilatation of the birth canal in many mammals. May be involved in remodeling of connective tissues during pregnancy, promoting growth of pubic ligaments and ripening of the cervix.

Cellular Location

Secreted.

Tissue Location

Isoform 1 is expressed in the ovary during pregnancy. Also expressed in placenta, decidua and prostate. Isoform 2 is relatively abundant in placenta. It is in much lower abundance in the prostate gland. Not detected in the ovary

RLN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

RLN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

RLN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Relaxins are known endocrine and autocrine/paracrine hormones, belonging to the insulin gene superfamily. In the human there are three non-allelic relaxin genes, RLN1, RLN2 and RLN3. RLN1 and RLN2 share high sequence homology. The active form of the encoded protein consists of an A chain and a B chain but their cleavage sites are not definitely described yet. Relaxin is produced by the ovary, and targets the mammalian reproductive system to ripen the cervix, elongate the pubic symphysis and inhibit uterine contraction. It may have additional roles in enhancing sperm motility, regulating blood pressure, controlling heart rate and releasing oxytocin and vasopressin. There are two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms described for this gene.

RLN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Davila, S., et al. Genes Immun. 11(3):232-238(2010) Vogel, I., et al. In Vivo 23(6):1005-1009(2009) Dschietzig, T., et al. Regul. Pept. 155 (1-3), 163-173 (2009) : Mookerjee, I., et al. FASEB J. 23(4):1219-1229(2009) Svendsen, A.M., et al. Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 296 (1-2), 10-17 (2008) :