

SMG5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP19361b**Specification**

SMG5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q9UPR3](#)**SMG5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 23381**Other Names**

Protein SMG5, EST1-like protein B, LPTS-RP1, LPTS-interacting protein, SMG-5 homolog, hSMG-5, SMG5, EST1B, KIAA1089

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SMG5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** SMG5 ([HGNC:24644](#))**Function**

Plays a role in nonsense-mediated mRNA decay. Does not have RNase activity by itself. Promotes dephosphorylation of UPF1. Together with SMG7 is thought to provide a link to the mRNA degradation machinery involving exonucleolytic pathways, and to serve as an adapter for UPF1 to protein phosphatase 2A (PP2A), thereby triggering UPF1 dephosphorylation. Necessary for TERT activity.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic, and nuclear. Shuttles between nucleus and cytoplasm. Detected in cytoplasmic mRNA decay bodies

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous.

SMG5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

SMG5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

SMG5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

SMG5 is involved in nonsense-mediated mRNA decay (Ohnishi et al., 2003 [PubMed 14636577]).

SMG5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Kamatani, Y., et al. Nat. Genet. 42(3):210-215(2010) Glavan, F., et al. EMBO J. 25(21):5117-5125(2006) Lee, H., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 26(14):5259-5269(2006) Azzalin, C.M., et al. Curr. Biol. 16(4):433-439(2006) Unterholzner, L., et al. Mol. Cell 16(4):587-596(2004)