

# CCKAR Antibody(Center) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP19386c

### **Specification**

### **CCKAR Antibody(Center) Blocking peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession P32238

### CCKAR Antibody(Center) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 886

#### **Other Names**

Cholecystokinin receptor type A, CCK-A receptor, CCK-AR, Cholecystokinin-1 receptor, CCK1-R, CCKAR, CCKRA

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### CCKAR Antibody(Center) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name CCKAR

**Synonyms CCKRA** 

#### **Function**

Receptor for cholecystokinin. Mediates pancreatic growth and enzyme secretion, smooth muscle contraction of the gall bladder and stomach. Has a 1000-fold higher affinity for CCK rather than for gastrin. It modulates feeding and dopamine-induced behavior in the central and peripheral nervous system. This receptor mediates its action by association with G proteins that activate a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system.

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

## CCKAR Antibody(Center) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



• Blocking Peptides

### CCKAR Antibody(Center) Blocking peptide - Images

## CCKAR Antibody(Center) Blocking peptide - Background

This gene encodes a G-protein coupled receptor that bindsnon-sulfated members of the cholecystokinin (CCK) family of peptidehormones. This receptor is a major physiologic mediator ofpancreatic enzyme secretion and smooth muscle contraction of thegallbladder and stomach. In the central and peripheral nervoussystem this receptor regulates satiety and the release ofbeta-endorphin and dopamine.

## CCKAR Antibody(Center) Blocking peptide - References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)Cong, P., et al. Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest. Liver Physiol. 299 (3), G742-G750 (2010):Tiwari, A.K., et al. Prog. Neuropsychopharmacol. Biol. Psychiatry (2010) In press:Ruano, G., et al. Pharmacogenomics 11(7):959-971(2010)Park, S.Y., et al. J Neurogastroenterol Motil 16(1):71-76(2010)