

**GABRR1 Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP19525a****Specification**

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**GABRR1 Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [P24046](#)**GABRR1 Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 2569

**Other Names**

Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit rho-1, GABA(A) receptor subunit rho-1, GABA(C) receptor, GABRR1

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**GABRR1 Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Name GABRR1 ([HGNC:4090](#))**Function**

Rho subunit of the pentameric ligand-gated chloride channels responsible for mediating the effects of gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA), the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the brain (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37659407" target="\_blank">37659407</a>). Rho-containing GABA-gated chloride channels are a subclass of GABA(A) receptors (GABAARs) entirely composed of rho subunits, where GABA molecules bind at the rho intersubunit interfaces (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37659407" target="\_blank">37659407</a>). When activated by GABA, rho-GABAARs selectively allow the flow of chloride anions across the cell membrane down their electrochemical gradient (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37659407" target="\_blank">37659407</a>). Rho-1 subunits are primarily expressed in retina where rho-1-containing GABAARs may play a role in retinal neurotransmission (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1849271" target="\_blank">1849271</a>). Rho-1 GABAARs are also involved in neuronal tonic (extrasynaptic) and phasic (synaptic) transmission in the Purkinje neurons of the cerebellum (By similarity). Rho-1 GABAARs may also contribute to the regulation of glial development in the cerebellum by controlling extrasynaptic transmission (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P56475}; Multi-pass membrane protein.  
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

**Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in the retina (PubMed:1849271). Expressed in a lesser extent in brain, lung and thymus (PubMed:1849271).

**GABRR1 Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

**GABRR1 Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Images****GABRR1 Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Background**

GABA is the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the mammalian brain where it acts at GABA receptors, which are ligand-gated chloride channels. GABRR1 is a member of the rhusubunit family.

**GABRR1 Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - References**

Pinheiro, A.P., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. 153B (5), 1070-1080 (2010)  
:Green, E.K., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. (2010) In press :Reyes-Ruiz, J.M., et al. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1798(5):1002-1007(2010) Xuei, X., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. 153B (2), 418-427 (2010) :Kang, J.Q., et al. Trends Mol Med 15(9):430-438(2009)