

# TROAP Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP19597a

## **Specification**

# TROAP Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

**Primary Accession** 

**Q12815** 

# TROAP Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID** 10024

#### **Other Names**

Tastin, Trophinin-assisting protein, Trophinin-associated protein, TROAP

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

# **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## TROAP Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

## Name TROAP

## **Function**

Could be involved with bystin and trophinin in a cell adhesion molecule complex that mediates an initial attachment of the blastocyst to uterine epithelial cells at the time of the embryo implantation.

## **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm.

#### **Tissue Location**

Strong expression at implantation sites. Was exclusively localized to the apical side of the syncytiotrophoblast Also found in macrophages

## TROAP Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides



# TROAP Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Images TROAP Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - Background

TROAP could be involved with bystin and trophinin in a cell adhesion molecule complex that mediates an initial attachment of the blastocyst to uterine epithelial cells at the time of the embryo implantation.

# TROAP Antibody(N-term) Blocking peptide - References

Yang, S., et al. FASEB J. 22(6):1960-1972(2008)Beausoleil, S.A., et al. Nat. Biotechnol. 24(10):1285-1292(2006)Nadano, D., et al. Biochem. J. 364 (PT 3), 669-677 (2002):Suzuki, N., et al. Biol. Reprod. 60(3):621-627(1999)Suzuki, N., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 95(9):5027-5032(1998)