

ESR1 isoform4 Antibody(C-term) Blocking peptide Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP19657b

Specification

ESR1 isoform4 Antibody(C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>P03372</u>

ESR1 isoform4 Antibody(C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 2099

Other Names

Estrogen receptor, ER, ER-alpha, Estradiol receptor, Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group A member 1, ESR1, ESR, NR3A1

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ESR1 isoform4 Antibody(C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name ESR1

Synonyms ESR, NR3A1

Function

Nuclear hormone receptor. The steroid hormones and their receptors are involved in the regulation of eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues. Ligand-dependent nuclear transactivation involves either direct homodimer binding to a palindromic estrogen response element (ERE) sequence or association with other DNA-binding transcription factors, such as AP-1/c-Jun, c-Fos, ATF-2, Sp1 and Sp3, to mediate ERE- independent signaling. Ligand binding induces a conformational change allowing subsequent or combinatorial association with multiprotein coactivator complexes through LXXLL motifs of their respective components. Mutual transrepression occurs between the estrogen receptor (ER) and NF-kappa-B in a cell-type specific manner. Decreases NF-kappa- B DNA-binding activity and inhibits NF-kappa-B-mediated transcription from the IL6 promoter and displace RELA/p65 and associated coregulators from the promoter. Recruited to the NF-kappa-B response element of the CCL2 and IL8 promoters and can displace CREBBP. Present with NF-kappa-B components RELA/p65 and NFKB1/p50 on ERE sequences. Can also act synergistically with NF-kappa-B to activate transcription involving respective recruitment adjacent response elements; the function involves CREBBP. Can activate the transcriptional activity of TFF1. Also mediates membrane-initiated



estrogen signaling involving various kinase cascades. Essential for MTA1-mediated transcriptional regulation of BRCA1 and BCAS3 (PubMed:17922032). Maintains neuronal survival in response to ischemic reperfusion injury when in the presence of circulating estradiol (17-beta-estradiol/E2) (By similarity).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE- ProRule:PRU00407,

ECO:0000269|PubMed:12682286, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20074560}. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=A minor fraction is associated with the inner membrane Nucleus. Golgi apparatus. Cell membrane. Note=Colocalizes with ZDHHC7 and ZDHHC21 in the Golgi apparatus where most probably palmitoylation occurs. Associated with the plasma membrane when palmitoylated

Tissue Location

Widely expressed (PubMed:10970861). Not expressed in the pituitary gland (PubMed:10970861)

ESR1 isoform4 Antibody(C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides

ESR1 isoform4 Antibody(C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

ESR1 isoform4 Antibody(C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

This gene encodes an estrogen receptor, a ligand-activatedtranscription factor composed of several domains important forhormone binding, DNA binding, and activation of transcription. Theprotein localizes to the nucleus where it may form a homodimer or aheterodimer with estrogen receptor 2. Estrogen and its receptorsare essential for sexual development and reproductive function, butalso play a role in other tissues such as bone. Estrogen receptorsare also involved in pathological processes including breastcancer, endometrial cancer, and osteoporosis. Alternative splicingresults in several transcript variants, which differ in their 5'UTRs and use different promoters.

ESR1 isoform4 Antibody(C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Geradts, J., et al. Cancer Invest. 28(9):969-977(2010)Hayes, D.F., et al. Clin. Pharmacol. Ther. 88(5):626-629(2010)Lupien, M., et al. Genes Dev. 24(19):2219-2227(2010)Corbo, R.M., et al. J. Gerontol. A Biol. Sci. Med. Sci. (2010) In press :Kim, S., et al. Fertil. Steril. (2010) In press :