

OR5W2 Blocking Peptide(C-term)
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP19736b**Specification**

OR5W2 Blocking Peptide(C-term) - Product Information

Primary Accession [Q8NH69](#)
Other Accession [POC7N8](#), [Q8NH87](#), [NP_001001960.1](#)

OR5W2 Blocking Peptide(C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 390148

Other Names

Olfactory receptor 5W2, Olfactory receptor 5W3, Olfactory receptor OR11-155, OR5W2, OR5W2P, OR5W3P

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 291-303 of HUMAN OR5W2

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR5W2 Blocking Peptide(C-term) - Protein Information

Name OR5W2

Synonyms OR5W2P, OR5W3P

Function

Odorant receptor.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR5W2 Blocking Peptide(C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

OR5W2 Blocking Peptide(C-term) - Images

OR5W2 Blocking Peptide(C-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR5W2 Blocking Peptide(C-term) - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :
Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)
Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002)