

MC3R Blocking Peptide (C-term)

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP21431b

Specification

MC3R Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Product Information

Primary Accession

P41968

MC3R Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4159

Other Names

Melanocortin receptor 3, MC3-R, MC3R

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 301-315 of HUMAN MC3R

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MC3R Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Protein Information

Name MC3R

Function

Receptor for MSH (alpha, beta and gamma) and ACTH. This receptor is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylate cyclase. Required for expression of anticipatory patterns of activity and wakefulness during periods of limited nutrient availability and for the normal regulation of circadian clock activity in the brain.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Location

Brain, placental, and gut tissues.

MC3R Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Protocols



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

MC3R Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Images

MC3R Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Background

Receptor for MSH (alpha, beta and gamma) and ACTH. This receptor is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylate cyclase. Required for expression of anticipatory patterns of activity and wakefulness during periods of limited nutrient availability and for the normal regulation of circadian clock activity in the brain.

MC3R Blocking Peptide (C-term) - References

Gantz I.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 268:8246-8250(1993). Kopatz S.A.,et al.Submitted (JAN-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Deloukas P.,et al.Nature 414:865-871(2001). Tarnow P.,et al.Obes. Facts 5:45-51(2012). Lee Y.-S.,et al.J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab. 87:1423-1426(2002).