

**MAP2K7 Blocking Peptide (C-Term)**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP21557b****Specification**

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**MAP2K7 Blocking Peptide (C-Term) - Product Information**Primary Accession [O14733](#)**MAP2K7 Blocking Peptide (C-Term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5609**Other Names**

Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 7, MAP kinase kinase 7, MAPKK 7, JNK-activating kinase 2, MAPK/ERK kinase 7, MEK 7, Stress-activated protein kinase kinase 4, SAPK kinase 4, SAPKK-4, SAPKK4, c-Jun N-terminal kinase kinase 2, JNK kinase 2, JNKK 2, MAP2K7, JNKK2, MEK7, MKK7, PRKMK7, SKK4

**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 325-340 of HUMAN MAP2K7

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**MAP2K7 Blocking Peptide (C-Term) - Protein Information****Name** MAP2K7**Synonyms** JNKK2, MEK7, MKK7, PRKMK7, SKK4**Function**

Dual specificity protein kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway. Essential component of the stress-activated protein kinase/c-Jun N-terminal kinase (SAP/JNK) signaling pathway. With MAP2K4/MKK4, is the one of the only known kinase to directly activate the stress-activated protein kinase/c-Jun N-terminal kinases MAPK8/JNK1, MAPK9/JNK2 and MAPK10/JNK3. MAP2K4/MKK4 and MAP2K7/MKK7 both activate the JNKs by phosphorylation, but they differ in their preference for the phosphorylation site in the Thr-Pro-Tyr motif. MAP2K4/MKK4 shows preference for phosphorylation of the Tyr residue and MAP2K7/MKK7 for the Thr residue. The monophosphorylation of JNKs on the Thr residue is sufficient to increase JNK activity indicating that MAP2K7/MKK7 is important to trigger JNK activity, while the additional phosphorylation of the Tyr residue by MAP2K4/MKK4 ensures optimal JNK activation. Has a specific

role in JNK signal transduction pathway activated by pro-inflammatory cytokines. The MKK/JNK signaling pathway is also involved in mitochondrial death signaling pathway, including the release cytochrome c, leading to apoptosis. Part of a non-canonical MAPK signaling pathway, composed of the upstream MAP3K12 kinase and downstream MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1, that enhances the AP-1-mediated transcription of APP in response to APOE ([PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28111074" target="\\_blank">28111074</a>](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28111074)).

**Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm.

**Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous; with highest level of expression in skeletal muscle. Isoform 3 is found at low levels in placenta, fetal liver, and skeletal muscle.

**MAP2K7 Blocking Peptide (C-Term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

**MAP2K7 Blocking Peptide (C-Term) - Images****MAP2K7 Blocking Peptide (C-Term) - Background**

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**MAP2K7 Blocking Peptide (C-Term) - References**

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